

## GERMAN MINISTER RESIGNS; BRITISH AFTER THE DACIA

Former Head of War Department Appointed General and Assumes Place in Line of Fighters—England Threatens to Take Charge of Steamer Under American Flag.

## WILL PURCHASE CARGO AT GERMAN PRICES

Sir Edward Grey Intimates That Test Case Will Be Made of Cotton Seizure and Assures United States That Shippers Will Not Lose by the Action—Berlin Mentions Aircraft Attacks on England.

The German minister of war, Lieutenant General Erich von Falkenhayn, has resigned and has been replaced by Major General von Hohenborn. The former minister has been made a general and retains his position as chief of staff.

The British secretary of state for foreign affairs, Sir Edward Grey, does not find it possible to promise that the former Hamburg-American line steamer Dacia, now under the American flag, would not be thrown into a prize court on her first trip, should she attempt to make the voyage to Germany with a cargo of cotton, but declares that Great Britain would either purchase the cotton at the German prices upon the seizure of the vessel or have the cargo placed on another ship and forwarded to Rotterdam at its own expense.

The fighting in the western field is of an intermittent nature, as it has been for the past week, but a summary of the operations, issued officially at Paris, covering the war from November 15 to January 15, mentions in detail the progress made by the allied armies as compared with the withdrawal of the Germans at all points along the extended front, with the exception of Soissons.

An intimation of the general future policy of the allies is given in the statement when it says:

"It consequently can be affirmed that to obtain final victory it is sufficient that France and her allies know how to wait for it and at the same time prepare for it with inexhaustible patience."

The official Russian statement says no change has taken place in East Prussia, but mentions isolated operations in Poland.

Wireless dispatches from Berlin refer to the recent attack on English coast towns as having been made by Zeppelin airships, and other dispatches report that the Germans officially explain the throwing of bombs by the fact that in their expedition against the fortified town of Great Yarmouth, the airships were fired at, and retaliated with explosives.

In anticipation of a Russian invasion, Russia is said to be preparing a campaign particularly suited to the methods of the Russian army, and it is expected that new offensive operations will develop within a month.

### Charge Austrians as Base.

Petrograd, Jan. 21.—The general staff of the commander-in-chief has issued the following order of the day:

"Our adversaries of late have resorted to all kinds of proclamations to the troops and appeals to the peoples of the regions visited by the war, inviting them to cease fighting and make peace."

"The Austrians in this respect exceeded the limits of the utmost insolence and baseness."

"Some Austrian soldiers especially selected for that work, are circulating among our troops proclamations in which our enemies are impudently enough to address you as the 'Noble Sons of Holy Russia,' invoking the respected name of the emperor, alleging his signature."

"Every loyal subject knows that every Russian, from the commander in chief

to the private soldier, is obedient to the sacred will of our highly venerated emperor, who alone has the power to declare and to stop war."

"Our enemies, relying no longer on the strength of their arms and on success on the battlefield, have committed a vile forgery and an infamous crime."

"You must know, brave soldiers, that only complete demoralization and full consciousness of the fact that they are incapable of continuing a loyal fight could incite our enemies to stoop to such a despicable and extraordinary crime."

"I have the unshakable belief that with God's help our victorious army will give in the coming battles the proper reply to our unworthy adversaries."

Consequently, every person captured with these proclamations in his possession will forthwith be brought before a

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## BRITISH THREATEN STEAMER'S CAPTURE.

Washington, Jan. 21.—The British government announced tonight through its embassy here that if the former Hamburg-American liner Dacia proceeded to sea she would be captured and taken into a prize court. Her cargo of cotton will be purchased by the British government or forwarded to Rotterdam without further expense to the shippers, according as the owners may prefer.

The state department had communicated this information informally to the owners of the Dacia as a result of a message from Ambassador Page and was notified in reply that the vessel was loading at Galveston and would put to sea, notwithstanding the British government's position. It was believed that the owners had resolved to test the issue in a prize court.

Incidentally, the war risk insurance bureau of the American government today issued a policy insuring the cargo at four per cent, but declined to insure the vessel itself. The statement from the British embassy was as follows:

"In connection with the transfer of the Dacia from the German to the American flag, the British govern-

ment, while anxious to avoid causing loss to the shippers of the cargo, have found it impossible to agree that the transfer, in the circumstances in which it has been effected, is valid in accordance with the accepted principles of international law. If, therefore, the Dacia should proceed to sea and should be captured the British government will find themselves obliged to bring the ship (apart from the cargo) before the prize court."

"It is stated that the cargo of the Dacia is to consist solely of cotton owned by American citizens. If this is so, and if the vessel should be captured, the British government will guarantee either to purchase the cargo at the price which would have been realized by the shippers if the cargo had reached its foreign destination, or, if preferred, they will undertake to forward the cotton to Rotterdam without further expense to the shippers."

The above announcement concludes the first chapter in the negotiations which the American government undertook on behalf of the owners of the Dacia to obtain her freedom from capture.

## British Announce They Will Seize Dacia

## Industrial Commission Investigates Large Foundations



U. S. INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS COMMISSION PHOTOGRAPHED MONDAY IN THE NEW YORK CITY HALL. Left to right: Seated—James R. O'Connell of Washington, chairman; Frank P. Walsh of Missouri; Mrs. J. Borden Harriman of New York; and Harris Weinstock of California. Standing—John B. Lennon of Illinois and S. Marston Ballard of Kentucky. The commission is holding daily hearings in the city hall, New York, in connection with its inquiry into the Rockefeller, Carnegie, Sage and other large philanthropic foundations.

## INDICATIONS POINT TO BOND MAJORITY

Indications point to a good majority in favor of the \$45,000 municipal improvement bonds to be voted upon in the election today.

The bonds are distributed as follows: \$15,000 street, \$12,000 bridge, and \$18,000 sanitary and storm sewer.

The election was called just thirty days ago. A double purpose was served in the call. Primarily, it was to supply the city with what is declared to be badly needed improvements, in sewers, streets and bridges. Secondly, but of great importance, it was to provide work for the many unemployed of Waco.

The vote, according to expectations, will be light. The bond issue is small, and while badly needed, would place but little additional revenue against the tax payer. For this reason a light vote is predicted.

The municipality is prepared to buy in the bonds immediately after they are voted. The lithograph work has been done, and all is in readiness to forward the bonds to Austin for the attorney general's approval, once the election is over.

The voting places today will be the same as in former recent city elections, that is:

First ward, city hall; R. P. Sturgis, judge. Second ward, Twelfth Street Fire Station; H. L. Quinius, judge. Third ward, Eighth and Mary; M. H. Standifer, judge. Fourth ward, Third and Mary; J. A. Leftwich, judge. Fifth ward, East Waco Fire Station; R. G. Wright, judge. Sixth ward, Ninth and Vermont; A. W. Seales, judge.

Each judge will appoint four assistants.

### BANK CLEARINGS.

Bank clearings in Waco yesterday amounted to \$277,416.17.

## Dallas Man Comes to Meet Commission Regards Gas Matter

W. B. Head, assistant to the president of the Texas Power and Light company, has come to Waco from Dallas as a result of the public sentiment against the \$3 gas deposit. Mr. Head arrived yesterday afternoon. He will appear before a called meeting, nominally a conference, of the city commission at 10 o'clock this morning. It is expected he will attempt to justify the position of his company in asking a deposit from gas consumers.

## Oklahoma Town Is Under Modified Martial Law

Drumwright, Okla., Jan. 21.—A modified martial law rules in Drumwright tonight. Twenty-five deputy sheriffs, ten of whom were sworn in today, patrol the streets and guard non-union tank builders, who are arriving on every train. Union men made attempts today to drag strikebreakers from their work, but were held back by the sheriff's posse.

Leaders at union headquarters tonight declared that if more strikebreakers were brought in they would not be permitted to go into the fields. Officers regard the situation as "dangerous."

## Bank Cashier Locks Himself in Vault and Ends Life With Gun

Batesville, Ark., Jan. 21.—Pastor Thomas Bank and Trust company here, locked himself in the bank vault early today and blew out his brains with a revolver. The body was found later by relatives who had become alarmed when Thomas failed to return to his home. So far as known the dead man's accounts are correct. His act is attributed to continued ill health and fear of a surgical operation he was to have undergone today.

## Miss Clara Griffen Faces New Charges

New York, Jan. 21.—Mrs. Clara Griffen, sentenced yesterday to six years in the Auburn, N. Y., prison for using the mails to defraud wealthy acquaintances out of \$300,000, was arraigned today in a state court for sentence on three additional indictments charging grand larceny, to which she had pleaded guilty. The court directed that she be brought back for sentence when she completes the six year federal term.

Mrs. Griffen's husband was sentenced yesterday to seven years in the federal prison at Atlanta.

**Pro Bill Passes.**  
Boise, Idaho, Jan. 21.—By unanimous vote the Idaho house of representatives passed today the Hart resolution providing for the submission to the voters at the general election in 1916 of an amendment to the constitution prohibiting the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquor in the state. The resolution was adopted by the senate yesterday.

**"Jitney" Cars in Tulsa.**  
Tulsa, Okla., Jan. 21.—Ten automobiles, run on regular schedule, and giving service to all parts of the city covered by the street railways, started today in competition with the street car companies. Five cents is the charge per passenger.

## ATTORNEY GENERAL PREPARES FOR PROBE

Washington, Jan. 21.—Attorney General Gregory today began active preparations in the department of justice investigation to discover the cause of the recent rise in the price of wheat and flour.

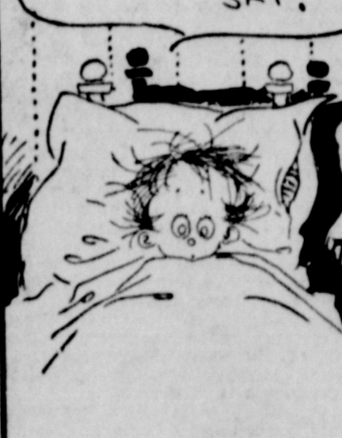
The departments of agriculture and commerce were called upon for all information relating to wheat and flour production in the last two years and for data on the export and import of these articles.

It became known tonight that the principal effort to discover whether there is any corner or pool operating on the wheat market will be made in Chicago and Minneapolis. The United States district attorneys in these two cities have been instructed to look into this phase of the matter in conformity with President Wilson's recent letter to Mr. Gregory.

The department today received a copy of a resolution adopted at a recent meeting in Chicago of the executive board of the National Association of Retail Grocers of the United States. The resolution states that the recent

### THE WEATHER

DANGEROUS THE GUY  
THAT INVENTED  
ALARM CLOCKS!  
WOT'D YOU  
SAY?



### Government Forecast.

Washington, Jan. 21.—East Texas—Rain Friday, possibly turning to snow in northwest portion, colder in north and at night in central and south portions, cold wave and fresh to strong north winds; Saturday probably fair, colder in south.

West Texas—Snow in the north, snow or rain in the south Friday, probably heavy snow in the Panhandle with strong north wind, colder, cold wave in north and central portions; Saturday unsettled, probably local snows, colder in south.

Louisiana—Rain Friday; Saturday cloudy and much colder with a cold wave in northwest.

**Voluntary Forecast.**  
Slightly unsettled with slight probabilities of rain, is the prediction of Dr. L. Block, volunteer observer and optician, for today.

**Local Temperatures.**  
Temperatures for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. yesterday: Maximum 69 at 3 p. m., minimum 39 at 6 a. m., humidity 50, barometer 29.92, wind passage 135 miles, fastest 20 miles an hour at 2:20 p. m.

## EXECUTIVE SESSION OF SENATE HELD FOR THE APPOINTMENTS AS KEYNOTE OF MEET

TWO NAMES SUBMITTED BY GOVERNOR FERGUSON, HOWEVER, FAIL OF CONFIRMATION, ONE DUE TO MISTAKE, THE OTHER TO PROTEST FROM TOWNSEND.

## COLLINS FOR HEALTH OFFICER

Friends of Houston County Man Will Visit Capital to Urge Him for Place, One Reason Being That East Texas Has Not Fallen Heir to Enough Plums at Political Counter.

Austin, Tex., Jan. 21.—After an executive session lasting more than two hours this afternoon the senate failed to confirm two of the first list of nominations submitted by Governor Ferguson, which following the withdrawal of Dr. Fyke, selected for state health officer, has caused considerable comment and speculation. Those nominations held up are Adjutant General Hutchings and Dr. W. T. Christman, of Dallas, named as state veterinarian. Reports tonight are that both will be confirmed Friday, a mistake having been made as to Dr. Christman's charges were made against Hutchings for which Brigadier General Percy Townsend of Corsicana, retired, is said to be sponsor. These friends of Hutchings say, will be overcome without trouble.

For state health officer Dr. W. B. Collins, now a member of the state board of examiners from Houston county, appointed by the governor, is being urged and a delegation of his friends will visit the governor tomorrow to ask his reappointment. As East Texas is said to have had but few plums in the gubernatorial appointments it is believed Dr. Collins will win. He is expected here soon. Governor Ferguson said he had decided upon the physician he wants and had wired him to come here for his credentials. The governor says he wants to see the doctor's diploma and his full credentials this time before making a nomination.

The deficiency bill carrying appropriation for more than \$350,000, including the \$252,000 university appropriation vetoed by Colquitt, and the \$60,000 item for mobilization of Texas troops on the Mexican border was passed finally after a long session. The tax on life insurance companies based upon the amount of Texas reserve business in Texas, the tax to be 3 per cent upon amount of premiums paid by Texas policy holders, but if fifty per cent of reserves is invested in Texas tax is to be two and one-half; if this investment is as high as three per cent of reserves tax will be two and a quarter per cent and if 100 per cent of reserves is invested the tax falls to two per cent. There also is a provision to admit companies that left the state in 1907 without demanding payment of occupation taxes for the intervening years.

The suspension of tax penalties escaped death at the afternoon session by Bailey of Dewitt, insisting upon a motion to adjourn. Opposition to the bill was strong and amendments and substitutes would make it unrecognizable if all were adopted. It will come up again Friday.

A bill to reduce the rate of contract interest from ten to eight per cent introduced by Hudspeth and Conner was discussed in committee and in view of its great importance to banking and commercial interests was set down for hearing February 2.

The hearing on the Texas company bill will be held Tuesday, January 26. Judge W. H. Gill, representing the opposition, designated as the small oil producers and lease holders is here and former Senator Barry Miller of Dallas, as well as Bill Gray of Houston, are here to fight the bill, while Amos L. Beaty and other legal representatives of the Texas company are on the ground prepared to show the justice of the bill whose passage they ask.

The Houston civil court of appeals

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## TEXAS CREAMERY MEN URGE CO-OPERATION AS KEYNOTE OF MEET

FIRST SESSION OF CONVENTION CHARACTERIZED BY OPTIMISTIC TALKS AND PLEAS FOR ENCOURAGEMENT AND TEAM WORK WITH FARMERS.

## PRESIDENT COMLEY'S ADDRESS

Head of Association Tells of Hardships Encountered and Efforts of Railroads to Have Interstate Rates Adopted—Moser Plan for Promoting the Industry—Feeding Stock.

Co-operation was the keynote of the first session of the Texas Creameries association convention which convened yesterday afternoon at the Riggin hotel; co-operation not only among creamery men, but co-operation with dairy men, farmers and others engaged in business which affects the creameries.

President George Comley of the Alvin and Houston Creamery company at Houston made his annual address, in which he urged co-operation and also told of some of the hardships which creamery men have encountered in the past year.

He told of the fight which followed the attempt of the express companies to get the railroad commission to adopt the interstate rates. The increased rates had been adopted. It would have resulted in an increase of 50 per cent for express on butter and creamery products. The fight was lost by the express companies and the rates remain the same.

He said the new tariff law had caused some pessimism on the part of creamery men, the law having greatly reduced the tariff on butter. It has not appreciably affected the prices, however, and has worked no hardship on creameries in this section.

President Comley stated there were a number of new creameries in the state and they are represented at the convention. He welcomed them and advised them, that no matter how small they were, they should feel at home in the association and should set as much good out of the mingling with men in their line as do the big creameries in the state.

C. O. Moser of Dallas spoke of "The Moser Plan for Promoting the Dairy Industry of Texas." He talked about the "Moser Plan" of co-operation on the part of the creameries with the dairy men. Mr. Moser was connected with the Texas Industrial congress for a number of years and he was urging their methods.

The plan by which the Texas Industrial congress purposes to foster the dairy industry in Texas, and which is as follows:

1. A method by which the farmers, through co-operation with the bankers and business men of their respective towns, may purchase dairy animals and dairying equipment for engaging in the dairying business.

2. A means whereby the intending dairy men and their supporters may be assured of getting good animals and adequate equipment for the amount invested.

3. For such a general supervision and expert assistance in the newly begun dairying operations as shall assure the financial supporters of the various associations that the business will be managed with the maximum efficiency and economy, to the end that the guarantees shall in the least practicable risk and the dairy men earn the largest profits.

Mr. Moser said that what affects the dairyman and the farmer who supplies the creameries is also affecting the creamery men and the creamery men should use every means to aid the producer.

First he said the creameries should urge the farmers and dairymen to get more productive animals. To continue in efficiency the cows must be bred to pure bred bulls. The value of an average of from 400 to 600 pounds of butter a year per animal cannot be estimated. Any price that might be paid for such a breeding animal would be reasonable, yet such bulls may be purchased from \$100 to \$150 each. No other investment can be made in.

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## Memphis Man Charged With Promoting Cotton Swindle

Memphis, Tenn., Jan. 21.—Charged with using the mails to defraud in promoting an alleged cotton exporting swindle, James Hause, formerly of Memphis, was arrested at Montgomery, Ala., last night. He will be brought back to Memphis for trial. Hause is charged with having defrauded Memphis firms out of more than \$20,000 and his operations are alleged to have extended into other states, including Texas and Louisiana.

According to the federal authorities Hause posed as the special representative of the "British-American Cotton Company of Manchester, England," an alleged fake concern, for which he bought cotton. On the bills of lading he is said to have secured thousands of dollars.

In addition to his cotton operations, Hause, it is charged, sold stock in a so-called British-American company.

## Gun Snapped Five Times, But Cartridges Fail to Fire

William Smith is a lucky negro. Smith is alive, when under all ordinary luck he would be either wounded or dead.

Deputy Constable John Dixon "snapped" his revolver five times at Smith's fleeing form yesterday afternoon. The hammer of the pistol each time sunk bluntly into the cap of what apparently were five perfectly good cartridges. All five failed to fire. However, Smith didn't escape. Dixon captured him on Mary street.

Constable Leslie Stegall was notified over the phone that a negro was attempting to pass a check bearing the name of "Judge J. Clark" at the First State Bank and Trust company yesterday afternoon. The check was for

\$10.75. Summoning Deputy Dixon, the two raced in a buggy to the bank door. A negro who was rapidly leaving, was pointed out by bank employees. They gave chase. Quitting the buggy the officers attempted to corner the negro. Through alleys and side streets he led the pursuers. Deputy Dixon commanded him to halt. The negro never heeded the admonition and the deputy drew his gun. He again called "stop," but the negro ran the faster. Fate favored the negro when five cartridges failed to fire.

The negro saved the name of William Smith. A complaint was filed in justice J. J. Padgett's court charging forgery. He will be given an examining trial today.

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The former Hamburg-American liner Dacia, photographed at her berth in Galveston as she was being loaded with 12,000 bales of cotton, consigned for Rotterdam. The Dacia was purchased by Edward N. Breitung, Ltd., of Marquette, Mich., and now bears the name of that city on her stern. The British have announced that they will seize this boat and make a test case of her if she sails for Rotterdam with a cargo ostensibly bound for Germany.

The velvety smoothness, the rich flavor of our coatings, are obtained only by even, steady grinding for 36 hours!

**Huyler's**  
FRESH EVERY HOUR

Our Sales Agent in Waco is Herz Bros.

Huyler's Cocoa, like Huyler's Candy, is supreme

## BAD COLD? TAKE CASCARETS FOR BOWELS TONIGHT

NO HEADACHE, CONSTIPATION, BAD COLD OR SOUR STOMACH BY MORNING.

Get a 10-cent box. Sick headache, biliousness, coated tongue, head and nose congested with a cold—always trace this to torpid liver, delayed, fermenting food in the bowels or sour, gassy stomach. Poisonous matter clogged in the intestines, instead of being cast out of the system is re-absorbed into the blood. When this poison reaches the delicate brain tissue it causes congestion and that dull, throbbing, sickening headache. Cascarets immediately cleanse the stomach, remove the sour, undigested food and foul gases, take the excess bile from the liver and carry out all the constipated waste matter and poisons in the bowels. A Cascaret tonight will surely straighten you out by morning. They work while you sleep—a 10-cent box from your druggist means your head clear, stomach sweet and your liver and bowels regular for months.

**ATTORNEY GENERAL PREPARES FOR PROBE**

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rise in wheat prices threaten to bring about a rise in the price of bread. It points out that the 1914 wheat crop was one of the largest ever harvested in the United States, adding that "it is claimed that wheat held at present in the United States is of sufficient quantity to make the present high prices unwarranted, notwithstanding the unprecedented demand for export," and expressed the opinion that speculation in wheat "is more directly responsible for its high value than actual supply and demand."

The resolution demanded a government inquiry.

A preliminary statement issued by the department of commerce today showed that five times as much "breadstuffs," including practically all staple grains were exported in December as in the same month a year ago. Wheat exports increased five-fold, corn six-fold, and flour six percent. Fresh beef shipments abroad were twelve times the total for December, 1913.

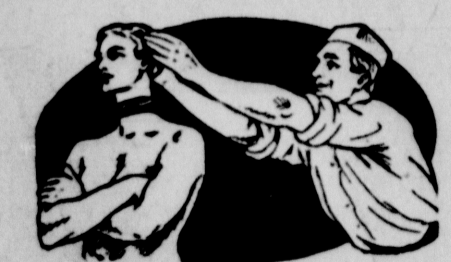
**The Traveling Ravelings.**

Harry Settles was in such haste to catch No. 14 Wednesday morning that he grabbed the wrong suit case and carried a lot of his mother's carpet rag to the county metropolis.—Burghard (Neb.) Times.

Over the surface of a new pressing iron for tailors there is a band of cloth to prevent the metal touching garments and making them shiny.

## Blood Destruction Stopped and Rebuilt

Worries Overcome, Evidence Brushed Away. The Skin Cleared.



S. S. S., the famous blood purifier, is man's architect. It contemplates the damage done and repairs the damage. It also looks after the possible damage and corrects all tendency to blood eruptions, decay of bones, clogging of the system, and all those myriad of destructive effects such as rheumatism, catarrh, swollen glands, sore throat, bronchial affections and the host of infirmities so well known as being caused by impure blood. And now, why should S. S. S. be so all this? Simply because it is Nature's antidote, a remedy of searching influence. It contains a powerful, natural ingredient, that sweeps its way to the skin. And in doing this it not only annihilates destructive germs but causes them to be so converted that they are easily and harmlessly voided, expelled or destroyed and then driven out through the natural outlets of the body. Thus let troubles no matter what they are. It won't fail you. Get a bottle today of any druggist but refuse any and all substitutes. Get in communication with the medical department. Write The Swift Specific Co., 54 Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga. This special advisory work on blood troubles has been of incalculable benefit and has cured a host of sufferers.

## CARRANZA DENIES AGREEMENT REPORT

El Paso, Tex., Jan. 21.—General Alvarado Obregon, commander of the main group of the Carranza forces, denied today in a telegram to local agents that he had entered into an agreement with General Eulalio Gutierrez for the overthrow of Carranza.

It has been reported from Mexico City that Gutierrez before his flight from the capital had agreed with Obregon on a new movement that purported the elimination of both Carranza and Villa.

Carranza agents here today asserted that General Teodoro Elizondo, a former convention brigadier-commander, had turned against Villa and was holding Queretaro, an important center north of the capital. Villa was reported today as remaining at Aguas Calientes, north of Queretaro.

The force under the Arrieta brothers, two Carranza chiefs, have demanded the surrender of Torreón, in Villa's rear, according to assertions of the Carranza faction.

Press reports from Mexico City are arriving, however, over the Villa wires. An order has been ordered at the capital that all telegrams must be written in Spanish.

**Carranza to His Generals.**

Brownsville, Tex., Jan. 21.—General Venustiano Carranza has issued orders to his generals to avoid taking the offensive at present in the belief that the Villa movement will disintegrate of its own accord. He let today of a Mexican high in Carranza circles. The order is based on reported friction among Villa leaders.

**Million Pesos of Stamps.**

Brownsville, Tex., Jan. 21.—One million pesos worth of Mexican stamps have been brought to Matamoros for sale, being the entire reserve supply for Tamaulipas, Nuevo Leon and several other northeastern states. The stamps are said to have been brought to the border to permit taking them to the American side in case the Villa forces are successful in the northeast.

**Garza Gives Interview.**

Mexico City, Jan. 19, via El Paso, Tex., Jan. 21.—In an interview tonight, Colonel Roque Gonzalez Garza, temporary executive of Mexico, said that a majority of the officials of the various departments of the government were continuing their duties. He said:

"The garrison of Mexico City is sufficient to repel an attack without endangering lives or interests of its inhabitants."

Colonel Garza has issued a decree regarding the re-establishment of public tranquility. The decree orders the death penalty for such offenses as robbery, counterfeiting, writing bogus telegraph dispatches, assaulting women, attempting bodily harm against members of the convention or publishing alarming news. The city is quiet.

It is confirmed that Monterey has been taken by the convention forces under General Angeles.

**Judge Reese Resigns, Lane Fills Vacancy**

Austin, Jan. 21.—The resignation of Judge T. S. Reese as associate judge of the court of civil appeals at Galveston, effective February 1, was received today by Governor Ferguson and accepted. Judge Reese resigned on account of ill health.

Governor Ferguson appointed C. E. Lane to fill the vacancy. Mr. Lane, who is a brother of Jonathan Lane, of Houston, and whose home is at La Grange, Fayette county, served as assistant attorney general in the court of criminal appeals during the administration of Governor Colquhoun.

**Perkins Found Guilty.**

Columbia, S. C., Jan. 21.—George B. Perkins of Boston was found guilty of manslaughter by a jury in the United States court here late today for killing F. W. R. Hinman of Jacksonville, Fla., on the steamship Mohawk last November.

Judge Smith sentenced him to serve three years in the federal prison at Atlanta, the maximum penalty for involuntary manslaughter.

Mr. Hinman was business manager of the Florida Times Union at Jacksonville. Perkins is an architect. Counsel for Perkins announced they would appeal the case.

Temporary mental derangement caused by overwork of head of the measure occurred off the coast of North Carolina, Perkins, taking apparent offense at a request of Captain Ingram of the Mohawk that he return to his state room for more clothing, drew a revolver and shot and fatally wounded Hinman, and wounded another passenger, B. H. Wright of Utica, N. Y., and the Mohawk's captain.

**Debate on Army Bill.**

Washington, Jan. 21.—After an all-day discussion of the national defense house tonight completed general debate on the \$101,000,000 army appropriation bill. Reading of the measure with both majority leaders urging that action in this and other appropriation bills be expedited in order to avoid a special session of congress.

## GUTIERREZ GLAMS EXECUTIVE PLACE

FORMER PROVISIONAL PRESIDENT OF MEXICO ISSUES A PROCLAMATION

### LOYALTY TO THE CONVENTION

Statement Says Villa Insulted Him, But He Stands by Calientes Action.

Washington, Jan. 21.—Gen. Eulalio Gutierrez, elected provisional president of Mexico by the convention at Aguas Calientes, has not abandoned his claim to that office, with his departure from Mexico City.

In a proclamation issued from Pachuca, and reported to the state department today, Gutierrez says that he is the legally chosen executive, charges that the convention which reassembled at Mexico City was under military coercion, and formally declares Villa, Zapata and other generals deposed from their command.

This proclamation, which is virtually the same as the manifesto which Gutierrez offered to issue two weeks ago while Obregon and others would join him in a he still was in the capital, if general movement to eliminate Villa and Zapata, accuses both of the latter officers of murder, brigandage and high-handed insubordination, declares independence of Carranza as well as Villa upon the Mexican nation for support.

With several thousand well-armed troops, according to consular dispatches, Gutierrez moved north from Pachuca, and it is believed he is heading for San Luis Potosi. His action brings three rival factions into the field of Mexican politics, each claiming to exercise the sovereign authority of government. General Carranza at Vera Cruz, as "first chief of the constitutional army," claims a majority by the plan of Guadalupe. Colonel Roque Gonzalez Garza, temporary executive now at Mexico City, was appointed by the convention there on the ground that the departure of Gutierrez was an automatic resignation of his office.

Generals Villa and Zapata, according to official dispatches, appears to be to form a junction with General Obregon, Villareal and Gonzales, and such other chiefs hitherto loyal to Carranza, as he believes will agree to eliminate not only the first chief but Villa and Zapata.

The proclamation of Gutierrez makes a series of charges. After reciting how he appointed General Villa as commander in chief of the convention forces, General Gutierrez says in his proclamation: "From that moment it was impossible to detain him, in his desire to stop his advance from Lagos to Leon; he occupied the latter city and continued his march to Mexico City, taking into consideration the mission formed by Francisco Iglesias Calderon for the purpose of entering into agreements with him, perhaps, it would have been unnecessary to repulse him."

"One day after Villa and Zapata swore their allegiance to my government, General Alberto Garcia Aragon, vice president of the permanent commission of the Aguas Calientes convention, and governor of the permanent commission of the Aguas Calientes convention, was arrested by Villa's forces at the suggestion of General Zapata, who had a personal grudge against him, according to Zapata's statements to me."

"Immediately upon my knowledge of the arrest, I ordered General Villa to release him, and a few hours later he delivered the prisoner to Gen. Emiliano Zapata, who ordered his execution without formality of law."

"Being completely wanting in forces who would enforce an order of arrest against individuals who had thousands of men under their command, I was compelled to remain inactive in regard to the above mentioned crime; and only a few days later I was informed that another member of the convention, a distinguished intelligence, Prof. Berlanga, had also been murdered a few nights before, having been taken out of the city and killed by the forces of General Villa. In consideration of this new outrage, I called a meeting of the cabinet in order to discuss the measures which should be adopted."

"Although we were as helpless as in the former case, we brought to the attention of General Villa the protest which I made to cause the government to be respected and to secure the punishment of those guilty of the above mentioned assassinations. But, giving no consideration, General Villa left the City of Mexico and went to Guadalupe, where he was guilty of similar crimes. Zapata had long since left the capital, and for the time being we decided to reserve punishment for the above crimes until such time as the government should be stronger."

However, the members of the convention, Calientes convention, justly alarmed, informed me that they desired to change their residence to the City of San Luis Potosi, which was giving us a very strong, sufficient elements to afford them safety."

The proclamation continues with the revelation that the convention appealed to San Luis Potosi to General Antonio Villareal, now a Carranza adherent, for protection, "awaiting the opportunity to permit the use of force to exercise their functions with dignity and freedom from the despotism of party leaders."

General Zapata in the meanwhile, the proclamation says, "has ignored the authority of the central government, appointing postmasters, stamp collectors and telegraph operators."

"The proclamation of Gutierrez," asserts Gutierrez, remarking, incidentally, that absolutely no progress has been made in the so-called agrarian question and municipal elections have been neglected. He refers in scathing terms to the alleged arbitrary operations of Carranza, Villa and Zapata, and accuses them of the promiscuous circulation of fiat money. Not only have railway officials refused to take orders from the central government, but military units have also been disregarded by Villa and his subordinates.

"General Villa appoints, without consulting me, governors and military commanders in the states where he passes, thus usurping the rights of the department of the interior. In the important branch of international relations he also interferes. General Villa in his frequent conferences with representatives of the American press and with personages of the government of that nation, makes declarations, promises and pledges that are not within the province of a general, who should confine his attention exclusively to military duties, inasmuch as it is contrary to national decorum that from one who is only in command of a number of men should venture to talk as an ambassador or representative of the country in one form or another."

After General Villa's recent return to Mexico City, Gutierrez declares, "sequestrations and murders have been committed, the chiefs of Villa and Zapata factions violating domiciles, property and life."

"General Villa came to my home on Sunday, December 31," he adds, "revolver in hand, accompanied by ten or twelve armed men, among them Pierré and Urbina, besides 2000 cavalrymen,

## Earthquake Scene at Messina



This picture is curiously like those showing the result of artillery fire upon villages in Belgium, but it actually represents the damage done by the Messina earthquake, which was exceeded in violence by the present seismic disturbance in Italy.

who surrounded my house, and removed the meager guard of twenty men who were defending my home. I was insulted, and several charges preferred against me, because they had heard it with my intention to deprive them of the command they had."

"In order to do this and to save my government, I have retired from the city, which they have been governing by military force, and spreading terror and desolation everywhere. The moment has now, therefore, arrived, when the civic standard of all Mexicans should be put to a test. They are at liberty to choose between a dictatorship, more or less forced, offered to them by the leaders from the north and south, and even by Senor Carranza, and a democratic organization undertaken by the government proposed by the Aguas Calientes convention which I am obliged to maintain."

This proclamation Gutierrez has sent to all forces which declined to recognize his government, and to the various factions which demanded the retirement of Villa.

## Mike Gibbons Beats Hammond, Ind., Man

Milwaukee, Wis., Jan. 21.—Mike Gibbons of St. Paul had a shade over Jim Clabby, Hammond, Ind., middleweight, in a ten-round no-decision boxing bout tonight, according to a majority of the sporting writers at the ringside.

Gibbons displayed marvelous footwork and was more clever in ducking than his opponent. Both men used their lefts effectively, Gibbons' blows being mainly directed to the head and body, while Clabby played mostly for the body. Both men were strong at the finish. Gibbons appeared to have the better of six rounds, two were even and two were Clabby's.

Gibbons took the better of the infighting and drew blood. The men had met in the ring three times prior to tonight's contest, each having been awarded a decision and one bout resulting in a draw. Clabby tonight weighed 153 1-4 pounds, and Gibbons 153 pounds.

In measurements the boxers were about equal, practically the only difference being a half inch in height and a quarter inch in reach to the advantage of Gibbons.

## Dr. Brooks to Occupy Pulpit of Dr. Warsaw

Dr. S. P. Brooks, president of Baylor university, will occupy the pulpit of Dr. I. Warsaw, rabbi of the congregation Rodef Shalom, tonight. Dr. Brooks will deliver his Peace lecture, which has been delivered on lecture platforms all over the country.

The Saturday morning services at the temple will be at 10:30. The religious school will meet at 10. The study circle meets Saturday night at the residence of Mrs. L. Simmons on Washington street. The Book of Ecclesiastes will be discussed.

**Heavyweight Knocked Out.**

Joplin, Mo., Jan. 21.—George Rodol, the Boer heavyweight, was knocked out by Carl Morris of Sapulpa, Okla., in the third round of a scheduled 15-round bout here tonight. Morris weighed 225 pounds and Rodol 195.

**Attacks at Standstill.**

Amsterdam, Jan. 21, via London, Jan. 22, 1:33 a. m.—The following official communication issued at Constantinople was received here: "The Russian attacks along the Caucasian front have now been brought to a standstill."

**Only One "BROMO QUININE."**

Whenever you feel a cold coming on, think of the full name, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. Grove on box. 25c.

**Too Late to Classify**

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping, and one single room, 601 N. 5th, new phone 2754Z.

## United States Population April Will Be 100,000,059

Washington, Jan. 21.—At 4 p. m. April 2, the population of the United States will have reached and passed the 100,000,000 mark, according to C. D. Sloane, geographer of the census bureau, who estimates the population at that hour will be 100,000,059.

J. S. McCoy, actuary of the treasury department, calculates the population will be 100,016,000 on February 1, and that the 100,000,000 mark will be reached on January 27 or 28.

The disagreement in the estimates arises from the different systems of computation employed by the two statisticians.

In the census bureau the direct increase as shown by the difference in population in 1900 and 1910 is taken. Actuary McCoy arrives at his conclusions, upon which treasury statements of the per capita wealth are based, by including in his calculations what he calls the factor of second differences. His effort is to show the natural increase within the increase as figured by the census bureau.

## GERMAN MINISTER RESIGNS, BRITISH AFTER THE DACIA

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.

military tribunal and arraigned as guilty of a felony.

**"AIDE-DE-CAMP GENERAL TO GRAND DUKE NICHOLAS."**

The general staff reports, on its part, that an Austrian soldier, entrusted with the distribution of these proclamations, declared that the abettors of the propaganda are Captain Suther of the general staff and Cavalry Captain Pollak.

**Loss Reports Wrong.**

Paris, Jan. 21.—The official statement was issued this afternoon, as follows: "Recent German communications regarding French losses in the last few days are entirely erroneous. Our losses are less by more than half those given by the German general staff. Moreover, it has been found, estimating by the dead left on the field, that the German losses have been greater than those of the French."

**Germans Bombard French.**

Paris, Jan. 21.—The following official communication was issued by the war office tonight: "The enemy violently bombarded our positions to the north of Notre Dame de Lorette, then, at 5 o'clock in the morning, began a new attack, which was soon repulsed."

In the Champagne region two small woods north of a farm at Beaulieu were occupied by us. The enemy delivered and unsuccessful counter-attack.

"In the Argonne the Germans made a strong attack on a salient of our line in the neighborhood of St. Hilaire. After a violent bombardment of our trenches, they began the attack, but were repulsed by the fire of our infantry combined with artillery fire."

"Fighting continues in the region of Hartmann-Walckerkopf."

**Sailors Detained.**

Washington, Jan. 21.—Although the state department has asked more details as to the detention of American sailors from the seamen Greenbrier and Carolyn at Bremen, officials expressed the belief that the usual military precautions had been exercised because the vessel previously had touched at enemy ports.

**Falkenhayn Resigns.**

Berlin, Jan. 21, via London.—The official Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung today announces that Lieut. Gen. Erich von Falkenhayn, who is now chief of the German general staff, has resigned his office as minister of war.

Major General Wild von Hohenborn, according to the announcement, had been appointed to succeed General Von Falkenhayn as minister of war.

**Bombs in Essen.**

Arnhem, Netherlands, Jan. 21.—Via London.—A passenger arriving here today from Germany asserts that allied airmen yesterday threw bombs upon the town of Essen, destroying a number of houses. Essen is the home of the famous Krupp steel works.

**Request for Dacia.**

London, Jan. 21.—Sir Edward Grey, the British foreign secretary, today submitted to Walter Hines Page, the American ambassador, the reply of the British government to the state department's request that the former Hamburg warship call line steamer Dacia, which now flies the American flag, be permitted to make a special trip to Germany with a cargo of cotton without establishing a precedent, because the vessel had been in the vessel's register. As soon as it could be put into motion, the reply was forwarded by Mr. Page to Secretary of State Bryan.

While Great Britain does not find it possible to promise that the Dacia will be thrown into a prize case on her first trip, concessions are made concerning her cargo.

**LLEWELLYN AUBREY**

Attorney at Law has moved his office to 511 Peerless Building.—Adv.

**Battle for Trenches, From Sea to Border, Continues**

London, Jan. 21.—The battle for the trenches in Flanders and France continues almost without cessation from the sea to the Swiss border. In the mud of Flanders, the floods of the Aisne valley and the snows of the Argonne and the Vosges, the soldiers of Germany and the allied nations keep up a continual fight.

According to a long official report of the fighting during the past two months, issued by the French war staff today, this method of siege operations largely has favored the allies, who, while they have gained ground on almost every part of the front, have been forced to give way in only one region—that of Soissons.

They are being put to a test, however, similar to that which obliged them to retire from north of the Aisne near Soissons, because the Germans, realizing the danger to their communications with Metz as a result of the French advance near Pont-a-Mousson, have sent reinforcements there and have begun a battle for the positions they lost during the past week.

The Germans apparently have regained a portion of them and fighting for the remainder is now in progress.

At other points, particularly near St. Mihiel and in Alsace, there have been infantry engagements, but, on the whole, the artillery continues to be the busiest arm.

The Russians have renewed their offensive operations against Mlawka, Poland, which has changed hands often since the commencement of the war, and it appears they again will attempt to envelop the German forces which are holding the line of the Maurizan lakes and advance themselves for the defeat at Tannenberg.

On the rest of the Polish front and in Galicia the Austro-German attacks

are becoming more intermittent, according to the Russian report, which is generally brief when big events are happening. The Russian continue to make progress against the Austrian outposts in the mountains between Bukovina and Transylvania.

The Germans explain the action of the airships in dropping bombs on towns and villages in Norfolk, England, by saying that they had been fired on. British airmen, in turn, have been busy in Belgium, and according to a report from Holland, have ventured as far as Essen, Rheims and Prussia, where they destroyed buildings.

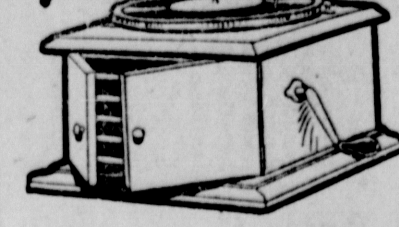
Holland has asked Germany for an explanation for the report that the German airships on their way to England passed over Dutch territory.

Archduke Charles Francis, heir to the Austrian throne, has arrived at German headquarters on a visit to the emperor and Baron Stephan Burian, the Austro-Hungarian minister of foreign affairs, is due there within a few days. It is expected the conference of the Germanic allies will decide whether the Austro-Germans will go on with the expedition for the subjugation of Serbia or turn their attention to the Russian armies, which are invading Hungary from the north and east.

With all her other occupations, England has found force to deal with the "mad" Mullah who has been stirring up the tribes in Somaliland and attacking those friendly to Great Britain. The Mullah's adherents have been defeated and scattered.

**Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA**

a Victrola 75¢ a Week



Style IV Victrola, \$15.

PAY NOTHING DOWN except for the records you select. Balance payable 75c a week, or \$3.00 per month.

**Select Six or More Records at 75c Each**

Choose 10-inch, double-face Records at 75c; or 12-inch, double-face at \$1.25.

**New Records Just Received**

**Thos. Goggan & Bros.**

New Location 516 Austin Ave.

## TEXAS MONOPOLY IS IN LIMELIGHT

Has Corner on Production and Output of New Earth Product. Vitalitas.

The south has one monopoly, distinct and well defined. It is in Texas and its business ramifications are spreading to all points of the compass, yet it violates no anti-trust law. It is a monopoly because Nature has so made it and man cannot change it. Today it has the endorsement of thousands of southern people. Tomorrow, figuratively, it will have the endorsement of the entire civilized world. The monopoly is with respect to Vitalitas.

There is one tiny spot in Texas beneath the rugged surface of which is found this wonderful chemical-mineral product. Nowhere else on earth has an ounce of it been located.

Crude Vitalitas, as mined out of the earth, is shipped to the laboratories in Houston, Texas, and from it is extracted its medicinal properties and natural forces. These are retained in condensed liquid form, free from any adulteration.

Vitalitas has the property of destroying certain forms of disease cells in the human organism and of replacing them with live, active new cells in blood and tissues, thus effecting permanent cures.

Many disorders of stomach, liver, kidneys, bowels and blood are quickly overcome and eradicated by Vitalitas. It is nature's greatest tonic.

Investigate Vitalitas today at Powers-Kelly Drug Co. For sale by retail druggists.

**WUACO BOWLING RESULTS.**

Crawford's team won three straight games from Wood's team in the Wuaco bowling contest last night. The scores:

Crawford's Team—  
Padgett ..... 129 132 127  
Lindsey ..... 124 102 146  
Rayford ..... 114 139 120  
Lacy ..... 122 185 129  
Cartwright ..... 145 128 154

Totals ..... 664 707 676  
Wood's Team—  
Surratt ..... 157 99 125  
Wood ..... 121 125 121  
McLendon ..... 112 131 105  
Fisher ..... 136 144 150

Totals ..... 653 629 664

A young man is not justified in taking an eye-opener because he is blindly in love.

**Jury in Bank Case Fails of Verdict**

Prescott, Ark., Jan. 21.—The jury in the case of James S. Black, president of the Arkansas Trust company, of Texarkana, Ark., charged with accepting deposits after the expiration of its charter, failed to reach a verdict today and was discharged.

The case was brought here on a change of venue. Two similar indictments are pending against Black, one for accepting deposits in the hands of a receiver in September, 1913, at which time it was said to have \$83,000 on deposit. Its capital at that time was given as \$50,000.

The jury in the



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The Morning News should be delivered throughout the City of Waco by 6:30 a. m., and subscribers failing to receive the paper at that time will confer a favor by phoning the Circulation Department, both phones 1152, and a copy will be sent by special messenger.

Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of The Morning News will be gladly corrected upon its being brought to the attention of the management.

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## PROTECT AMERICAN SHIPPING.

"If the facts were fully known, public opinion would insist upon drastic action which would prevent recurrence of the arbitrary series of holdups and exactions of which our foreign commerce is today too much the unwilling victim."

The foregoing is the statement of William C. Redfield, secretary of commerce in President Wilson's cabinet.

The public does not know all the facts, but it knows enough to insist that the administration take prompt and effective action to protect American commerce on the high seas.

The United States is at peace with all the world and there exists no good reason why we should not carry on legitimate business with all the world.

There is no international law which justifies a European nation seizing or detaining a ship flying the American flag and carrying a cargo of non-contraband goods to any port on the Seven Seas. When an American ship undertakes to deliver contraband goods to one of the nations at war it is a lawful prize of the enemy nation if caught, but when it carries non-contraband goods it is subject to neither seizure nor detention and any such interference is a blow at American commerce and an insult to the American flag.

Reckless interference with American shipping has terrorized ship-owners and exporters and they are afraid to venture to sea with cargoes of American goods which American citizens are anxious to sell and foreign buyers are anxious to purchase.

At this time every nation on earth wants American goods. American mills are ready to supply the demand, but cannot do so until safe transit is assured.

With plenty of ships and a guaranty of protection against interference by European belligerents, hundreds of thousands of American laborers would be put to work in American mills and factories making goods for export. Without ships or without protection for the few we have, labor will continue idle and American business will continue stagnant.

We fully appreciate the difficulties which confront our state department and its earnest desire to take no action that would offend any of the nations at war and thus cripple our influence as mediator later on when the time comes to end the European war. But the president and his advisers should remember that great as is their obligation to the cause of universal peace, their first duty is to protect the interests and promote the welfare of the American people. There should be no difficulty in discharging both obligations. In truth a nation that does not protect its own citizens will not be able to command that degree of respect from others that will make it acceptable as an arbiter of international rivalries.

And it should be remembered also, that anxious as we are to avoid offending any of the nations at war, each of them is even more anxious not to offend the United States. They are in a more desperate situation than this country is and can less afford to add to the difficulties that now encompass them.

Our hope is that our state department will formulate and declare a policy of full protection for American shipping, and our belief is that such a policy boldly declared will be gracefully accepted by all the nations now at war.

Not the least of importance of the forces that are at work making agriculture profitable in Texas are the creameries of the state. A farmer with a few cows can get more money from a creamery than he can from a bank, and the beauty of it is that he doesn't have to pay it back.

## THOSE GAS METER DEPOSITS.

The Morning News wishes to extend its congratulations to the local managers of the Texas Power and Light company in their decision not to push the demand for gas meter deposits in the face of an opposing public sentiment. Some corporations employ every resource at their command to carry their point in negotiations with the people, regardless of public sentiment or the public welfare, while others seek to ascertain the wishes of at least a majority of the people and then conform to those wishes as nearly as it is practicable to do so.

In this instance, at least, the Texas Power and Light company appears to fall within the latter classification, and we hope it will continue to remain there.

This much is said with full cognizance of the fact that many people want to persecute the corporations, just as some corporations appear to want to oppress the people. But there is a happy medium in the relations between corporations and people, just as there is on most other questions, and it is our observation that those corporations generally succeed in the largest measure, finally, which show a liberal regard for the wishes of the ultimate consumer and a disposition toward fair play.

We have never believed the company's contention for a deposit on gas and electric light meters was justified in the cases of persons whose reputation for paying their obligations is good. The gas or light company can very easily cut off a consumer when he refuses to pay his bills, just as the city of Waco does when he refuses to pay his water rent, and as cutting off a consumer from gas would force him to buy another stove and more expensive fuel, a customer would hesitate before he would default in the payment of a month's gas bill, which will not amount to more than \$3 on an average. There is no reason why the city should permit a corporation, acting under a public franchise, to demand more from its consumers than the city itself compels.

Waco has been very kind to the Texas Power and Light company and its allied interests, and those interests have been factors in the city's upbuilding. Only a few weeks ago the city gave this company a natural gas franchise extending over twenty years for the almost negligible consideration of twenty-five dollars a year. If from no other consideration than one of gratitude, the Texas Power and Light company should refrain from imposing any additional tax upon a large body of the consumers of its product, and we are glad to see that concern pursue this course promptly in deference to public sentiment rather than in obedience to a legal ordinance.

## PERSONAL RESPONSIBILITY.

A few weeks ago there was an accident on the New York elevated railroad in which two men lost their lives and several others were injured. The accident was not unlike many that had happened in the past, but what followed was quite different. After a lengthy hearing the coroner placed the blame for the accident upon the president and directors of the railroad company and the president of the road, its general manager and ten of its directors, millionaires and multimillionaires, and they have been indicted for culpable negligence, the penalty for which is a term in the state penitentiary.

A few years ago such an indictment would have been impossible. The intangible entity, the corporation, was held to be responsible for such things and a corporation may be sued for damages, but is not amenable to criminal process.

In these latter days a different view of the responsibility of officers of corporations has developed and is finding expression in the law and in the decisions of courts. Back of every corporate act is the act of some individual and the failure of corporations to safeguard the lives of the public is the failure of some individual or group of individuals. Even before the officials of the New York corporation were indicted orders had been given for the removal of every wooden car from the line. The order meant the expenditure of millions of dollars for sufficient steel equipment to avert such accidents in the future, but when their own liberty was at stake the directors did not hesitate.

Whether the indicted officials are ever convicted or not, the effect of the incident will be wholesome and its influence will be more than local. It is an admonition to the men in charge of public service corporations everywhere that they cannot shield themselves from responsibility for failure to make adequate provision for the safety of the public.

When Governor Ferguson rose to make the first speech of his campaign at Blum his first words were: "I am the thirteenth candidate for governor of Texas, announcing in the year 1913, on the 13th day of the month, in the 13th year of my married life and my platform was completed on Friday." What have the superstitious minded folk to say about that?

After throwing a brick at the Houston Traction company the Austin American tells this one: "Austin is about the only city of importance in Texas where the street car service has always been as efficient as it should be." Hurry up with that Annanias medal.

Civilization will not be reconciled to aerial warfare until a way is found to improve the marksmanship of bomb droppers and they learn how to distinguish between private dwellings and fortifications.

Failure to pay poll tax is not ground for divorce, but it justifies a certain lecture on the importance of maintaining the dignity of the family.

## RE-ENACT COMPENSATION LAW.

The Thirty-fourth legislature should re-enact without delay the workmen's compensation law so amended as to meet the objections to its constitutionality found by the court of Civil Appeals. While it is true that another court of appeals has sustained the law and the Supreme Court will be called on to reconcile this conflict of judicial view, and may ultimately sustain the law, the legislature should not on this occasion refuse to amend and re-enact the law at this time.

In the short time this law has been in force it has accomplished much good. While admittedly imperfect in some of its features, it has saved many laborers and their families from want and has protected many employers from the rapacity of damage suit promoters. The principle underlying compensation laws is that industry should bear the cost of accidental injuries to workmen—a principle the soundness of which is no longer questioned by any competent authority. It is a substitute for the old wasteful and expensive system of personal injury litigation—otherwise known as the damage suit industry. It aims at compensating injured employees without the intervention of lawyers and the payment of large fees. In operation it gives help to injured workmen at a time when such help is most needed and benefits a much larger number of laborers than the most liberal liability laws can benefit.

The legislature should act at once in order that there may be no needless disorganization of the machinery of the state board of administration and no unsettling of insurance arrangements whereby employers have made provision for their own protection.

## LEGISLATING AND RESOLUTING.

A state legislature is a legislative body. Its members are selected by the people to make laws and provide for the support of the state government. They are not chosen to express the opinion of the people on the tariff question, the European war or the national administration. The Morning News, therefore, heartily endorses the resolution offered in the House by Representative Spradley to amend the rules so that "it shall not be in order for the speaker to entertain any motion or resolution indorsing, commending or criticizing any national or state administration or the acts of any national or state officer."

The resolution is aimed at a practice that has grown up in this state of using the legislature to boost or discredit state and national administrations for the political advantage or satisfaction of some clique or faction. Such resolutions of endorsement or criticism invariably engender strife and consume time that should be given to other and more important matters.

What the legislature thinks of President Wilson, Ex-Governor Colquhoun or the European war is of no more consequence than its opinion of the nebular hypothesis or the claim of the Waco ball team to the 1914 pennant. As the Houston Post well says, "it is no more the business of the Texas legislature to endorse or condemn President Wilson than it is his business to commend or condemn the Texas legislature. What he is especially desirous of obtaining is the approval of the people and that is precisely what the Texas legislature ought to be desirous of obtaining."

If the legislature would limit the approval of the people it will confine itself to the work it was chosen to perform. When the people want to pass judgment upon the Wilson administration it will select and instruct delegates to a political convention, and in doing so it will pay not the slightest attention to any fulminations on this subject by their servants in the legislature.

One way to settle the Mexican trouble would be to establish a form of government which provided about sixteen presidents and 126 commanders of the army, all with equal honors and emoluments.

If Secretary Drake of the Chamber of Commerce does not feast on country sausage, backbones and spareribs next fall it will not be the fault of McLennan county farmer boys.

Not a new idea in thirty years, said the president in speaking of the Republican party. Can he have read Teddy's Osawatimic speech or LaFollette's magazine?

The Los Angeles Times complains that everybody but the tax collector has been hit by automobiles, but in Texas all kinds of collectors appear to have escaped.

A man may not be able to serve two masters, but the chap with a wife and several daughters gives a perfectly good imitation of doing so.

Idaho has passed an anti-alien land ownership bill, which brings us one step nearer to the inevitable conflict between state statutes and federal treaties.

We have not heard of King George bestowing the Order of the Bath on any of the men in the trenches, although we understand bathing facilities are not entirely lacking.

After a few more exchanges between Brother McCollum and Brother Robinson we will offer our services as mediator.

Governor Ferguson evidently does not want the legislature to treat the El Paso platform as merely a scrap of paper.

No military victory was ever won by attacks on non-combatants.

## BOY SCOUTS PLAN FIFTH ANNIVERSARY

The Boy Scouts of America will celebrate on Monday, Feb. 8, the fifth anniversary of their organization. Anniversary week begins on Sunday, Feb. 7, and closes on Saturday, Feb. 13. In making up the program the aim has been to retain those features of former anniversary week activities which have proved most successful. Last year hundreds of ministers spoke from the pulpit on some phase of the boy scout work, and it is believed that this year even a greater number will do so. Last year a number of scout troops attended church in uniform on anniversary Sunday, and it is probable that many will do so again this year.

One of the main features of anniversary day, Feb. 8, is the distribution of flowers in hospitals and private homes. At 8 p. m. on Monday the annual anniversary day meeting of the scout troops will be held. At this meeting there should be an annual report of troops activities, an outline of plans for the coming year, etc. At 8:45 the scoutmaster will read to the troop the official greetings of the chief scout. Promptly at 9 p. m. every scout will stand at attention with his hand at salute and repeat the scout oath.

On Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday no special activity is provided. It is advised that on Friday, Feb. 12, the scouts participate, wherever practicable, in Lincoln memorial services. If troops care to go ahead and arrange such services on their own responsibility, that is permissible, or they may take some part in a program arranged by others. This matter is left entirely to the discretion of the local council or scoutmaster.

A new feature of anniversary week this year will be the delivery of recorded greetings to city officials, chamber of commerce officials, newspaper editors, members of local council, etc. This work, of course, will have a special significance in the larger cities, although there is an opportunity for this feature in every city in which the movement is organized. The idea is to prove to the public that the boy scout movement is making progress.

The delivery of this report should be assigned to scouts in uniform, says Scouting, and it might be well to make the selection of scouts for this duty a reward for special merit during the past year. Scout officials having charge of this feature should make arrangements, if possible, with the officials of the city so that they will be prepared to receive the scoutmaster when he appears. The interview of the scout with the party to whom he delivers his report and greetings need not consume more than a minute of time. He should simply be presented, salute, deliver his messages and depart.

Another feature of anniversary week which has proved most successful is the troop good turn. Scouts have made this the occasion for doing some piece of work which has value for the whole community. Among the good turns of this nature that featured anniversary week last year, were clean-up campaigns. The time set for this is Saturday forenoon, Feb. 13. The nature of the good turn which is to be done must be determined by local conditions and needs.

Two features are mentioned for those scout officials who care to undertake them. The first of these is a series of inter-troop or inter-patrol contests to begin at 2 p. m. on Saturday, Feb. 13. A great many troops in cities have adopted the plan of holding such contests. The second feature is the awarding of a special anniversary pennant or banner on this occasion to the winning patrol or troop. The nature of the award is left to the discretion of the local council or scoutmaster.

James P. Welsh of Houston was appointed auditor of the penitentiary system of Texas at a meeting of the board, composed of the governor, the attorney general, today. The resignation of Justice T. S. Reese, of the Galveston court of civil appeals, was received by Governor Ferguson today. Mr. E. Lane, assistant attorney general, will be named his successor.

Mrs. F. E. Kalb of Houston, president of the Farm Women's Organization, and Mrs. McCallister of San Antonio, president of the Texas Mother's Union, are here for the purpose of urging more liberal granting of the funds of the extension department of the A. and M. college, of which Clarence Ousley is director.

Bradford Knapp, agent of the United States agricultural department, and Mr. Ousley spoke along the lines of more intelligent farming in the Congress, are here for the purpose of representing the farmers and had a fair sized and attentive audience.

Death Penalty Bill Unfavorable.  
Austin, Jan. 21.—Senator Wiley's bill eliminating the death penalty was reported adversely this morning by the senate judiciary committee No. 2, but will be brought out by a favorable minority report. The bill was vigorously opposed in committee by Senator H. A. Darwin. In defense of the bill Senator Wiley declared that the people are getting tired of "legalized murder."

This committee reported favorably the Clark bill which provides for additional pay for district attorneys, with an amendment which allows only seven additional days' pay.

The Connor bill exempting Confederate soldiers from the anti-pass law, was reported favorably.

Senator Westbrook's bill which would render null and void all common law marriages received a favorable report, as did also his bill providing that no interest contracts shall exceed 10 per cent. Favorable reports were also obtained on two bills by Senator Lattimore, one permitting the sale of real estate of administrators with a small cash payment, and the other defining the duties of district courts and the comptroller in filing claims in probate cases.

Senate judiciary No. 1, set for February 3, Connor's bill which seeks to reduce court rates from 10 to 8 per cent.

Hearing on the Clark bill which seeks to repeal the state insurance commission law was today set for Wednesday, Jan. 27, before senate committee on insurance, statistics and history.

Senator Gibson is expected to introduce this afternoon his bill amending the Robertson insurance law so as to provide for a graduated tax on life insurance companies. This bill eliminates the back penalties charged to the twenty-one big life insurance companies which left the state when the Robertson insurance law was passed.

No Morning Session.  
Austin, Jan. 21.—There was no session of either branch of the legislature this morning, the house not meeting until 2 o'clock this afternoon and the senate at 1:30. The entire morning was taken over in both houses in the consideration of bills in committee.

The governor may decide this afternoon on the appointment of a state health officer in place of Dr. Ed Fyke, who declined the appointment, but he is not likely to be done in his present position. The meeting for confirmation this afternoon.

The senate at 2 o'clock this afternoon went into executive session to confirm the list of appointees sent up last afternoon by the new governor. The list embraces seventeen heads of departments.

Bailey's Bill Favorable.  
Austin, Jan. 21.—Senate committee on mines and irrigation reported favorably the bill by Bailey of Harris, requiring drainage districts to be under the supervision of a county auditor in counties where there are such officials.

State affairs reported favorably by Bailey providing for the taking over of the home for afflicted children at the John Sealy hospital at Galveston.

## EXECUTIVE SESSION OF SENATE HELD FOR THE APPOINTMENTS

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.

The house committee on labor, insurance, agriculture and criminal jurisprudence held this morning an executive session, which was held in the senate chamber, and referred bills in their charge to subcommittees. These four committees have before them an aggregate of more than fifty bills.

To Bar "Junketing" Trips.  
Austin, Jan. 21.—In the senate this afternoon Senator Westbrook introduced a concurrent resolution providing that in the future legislature shall decline all invitations to "junket" trips. He points out that it cost \$1500 a day to operate the legislative body and no time should be wasted on these trips. The resolution was laid on the table, subject to call.

Three bills were introduced, one by Harley, to force notaries public who take depositions to notify all witnesses; one by Senator Bee, being a bill providing for a competent rural high school law, and Senator Gibson's bill amending the Robertson insurance law.

The senate is now in executive session.

Protests Against Hutchins.  
Austin, Jan. 21.—A communication was received by each member of the senate from Col. Percy Townsend of Corsicana, who received word from the Texas National Guard, in which he protests against the confirmation of General Hutchins as adjutant general. It is not believed, however, that the protest will be sustained.

Cope's Bill Favorable.  
Austin, Jan. 21.—House committee on revenue and taxation reported favorably today Representative Cope's bill, which is No. 1, providing for the collection of a competent rural high school law, and Senator Gibson's bill amending the Robertson insurance law.

House committee on state affairs decided to report unfavorably on the Payne bill, prohibiting the use of the house and senate chambers in the future for inaugural balls, but recommended its action and will have hearings on the question.


Drainage Bill Favorable.  
Austin, Jan. 21.—Senate committee on mining and drainage reported favorably the bill providing for maintenance in drainage districts.

Senate committee on education recommended favorably the passage of the bill carrying an emergency appropriation of \$2,750 for the A. and M. college.

Drastic Action Proposed.  
Dallas, Jan. 21.—Commissioner Louis Blaylock stated Thursday morning that unless the nightly roll of highway robberies and burglaries decreases within the next few days the drastic action would be taken in order to preserve public safety. While Mr. Blaylock did not discuss plans that would be put into the effect in the near future he declared that the police department would probably be increased in numbers and indicated that a readjustment along general lines might ensue.

Cutting Scrap at Houston.  
Houston, Jan. 21.—F. McCormick, electrician, lies in St. Joseph's infirmary in a precarious condition, with deep gashes in his body, and Jim O'Connor is under arrest, awaiting developments, as a result of cutting off a party on Prairie avenue this afternoon. Attending physicians have little hope for McCormick's recovery.

**I WONDER if the kindest, most lovable fellows ain't them that smoke the mellowest, fren'liest tobacco in their pipes.**



**Do you know the 10c VELVET tin's "little brother," the 5c metal-lined bag? This bag is an innovation for preserving the freshness of VELVET, The Smoothest Smoking Tobacco.**

*Leggett & Myers Tobacco Co.*

## TEXAS CREAMERY MEN URGE CO-OPERATION AS KEYNOTE OF MEET

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.

the business which would yield so great a profit. He also spoke of feeding the stock economically so as to yield bigger profits. By economical feeding he said he meant home-grown products, cottonseed meal, leguminous hays and sorghum straw.

He also told of the profits the dairyman and the farmer can make from pure bred cattle aside from the production of cream and butter. He urged that dairymen be encouraged to buy pure bred heifers of recognized breeds, Holsteins, Jerseys, Guernseys or Ayrshires. They can be sold for \$150 and up while they are mere calves. The demand is always great and the supply small.

J. O. Boettcher of Welmer, Colorado county, told of his experiences in refrigeration. He stated that he had found the putting in cold storage of April butter much more satisfactory than storing summer butter. He went into detail in explaining his method and said that he is still learning much about holding butter. He stated that while he was able to keep his room at a temperature of 14 degrees, that he advised a temperature of from zero to 5 degrees below zero.

T. Thomas, government expert at College Station, said the government preferred storing early butter to that produced in the summer. C. E. Heiss of Cleburne told of the experience he had in storing butter. He owns a packing plant at Cuero, which specializes in storing turkeys, but said he is in position to handle about 20,000 pounds of butter until November each year, and has had good results with early butter.

J. W. Ridgeway, secretary-treasurer, read a set of by-laws, which were adopted by sections. The by-laws provide that the president shall be allowed to hold office for two consecutive years.

A committee was appointed to consider the holding of the next meeting of the association in connection with the ice cream manufacturers. The ice cream men in session in December at San Antonio decided to meet with the creamery men if it could be arranged. There was some talk of merging the two organizations, but this was voted down at the meeting of the ice cream men. The meeting likely will be held together henceforth, however, one day being given over to a joint meeting. The committee appointed to consider the matter consists of J. F. Kiser of San Antonio and A. J. Smith of Houston.

The following men were appointed on a resolutions committee: J. L. Thomas, College Station; W. B. De Land, Alvin; and J. R. Darrell, Belton.

The following nominating committee was appointed: C. J. Neitsch, Giddings; H. C. Hoddy, Brenham; and Wm. Latham, Brownsville.

Clarence Ousley will deliver an address today on "The Need of Co-operation." The sessions will begin at 9 a. m.

Following is today's program:  
January 22, 9 a. m.  
How Texas Creameries Much Improve Quality and Increase Quantity of Their Output..... J. L. Thomas  
What the Creamery Association Needs..... J. W. Ridgeway, College Station  
Creamery Statistics..... A. L. Darnell  
Assistant in Dairy Husbandry, Texas A. & M. College.  
How the Creamery Can Assist Its Patron..... Wm. Peterson, Hallettsville, Texas  
Developing the Dairy and Creamery Industry in a New Section..... J. M. Cooper  
Nacogdoches, Texas.

## Houston Man Elected Auditor of Prisons

Austin, Jan. 21.—The board composed of the state treasurer, attorney general and comptroller today elected James P. Welsh, a former city tax collector of Houston, auditor of the state prison system for the ensuing year. Mr. Welsh succeeds John M. Moore, who has been auditor of the prison system during the past two years.

If you have anything that needs repairing, don't forget to ring Dorsett. I will fix it and it will stay fixed. All work called for and delivered. New phone 240; 610 Austin.—Adv.

## Negro Exonerated of Killing.

Dallas, Jan. 21.—Water Moore, negro, who shot and killed John Petty, another negro, at Lancaster Tuesday night, was exonerated by the county grand jury today.

## CASTORIA For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

## Resolve to Travel The Interurban Way

(Southern Traction Co.)  
Exclusively Between

**Waco  
Hillsboro  
Waxahachie  
Dallas**

And intermediate points

**FREQUENT BAGGAGE CARS**  
150 lbs. Baggage allowed on each ticket.

Direct Interurban connections at Dallas for Sherman, Denison, Corsicana, Ft. Worth, Cleburne and intermediate points.

T. H. WILLIAMS,  
Div. Pass. Agt.  
Station 4th and Washington Sts.,  
WACO.

## H&T

### Winter Tourist Rates

TO THE SOUTHEAST  
CUBA, GEORGIA, NORTH CAROLINA, FLORIDA, NEW PROVIDENCE, SOUTH CAROLINA.

Selling daily until March 31, 1915, and bearing limit to May 1, 1915, for return. Exceptional stopover privileges.

For general information call at 112 South 4th street, H. & T. C. Ticket Office.

## TAKE THE



To Memphis, St. Louis and the Southeast. Sleepers, Dining, Chair Cars on all trains. For particulars call on

W. S. GILLESPIE  
111 S. 4th St.

S. A. & A. P. S. A. & A. P.

## Gulf Coast Resorts

Best Reached Via the

## S. A. & A. P. Railway

Round Trip Rates from Waco are as follows:

Corpus Christi	\$12.85
Arenas Pass	\$12.65
Rockport	\$13.05
Brownsville (Via Sinton)	\$18.05
Brownsville (Via Corpus Christi)	\$18.95

(Limit 90 Days.)



WEIGHT? YES; WAIT? NO.  
**R. T. TELLE & CO.**  
COAL AND WOOD  
1008 Franklin Phone 1218

Quality Kodak Finishing  
"RESULTS THAT PLEASE"  
**W. A. HOLT CO.**  
The Kodak Store of Waco

**McCRARY TRANSFER & STORAGE**  
My Business is Moving and Heavy Hauling  
New 830, Old 1048.  
Office 226 S. 8th St.

### PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. L. S. DOWNS,  
Successor to Dr. C. D. Hudson,  
603 Peerless. Residence Hudson Hotel

CUT YOUR FEED BILL HALF.

Feed maize heads; delivered by the load. Clement Grain Co.—Adv.

Your dead cows and horses hauled free. Leave orders at city hall, or call old phone 887, or new phone 2409Z.

(Adv.)

## FOREIGN TRADE OF VITAL IMPORTANCE

JAMES A. FARRELL DECLARES  
EUROPEAN WAR HAS CON-  
VINCED THE PEOPLE.

### SOME INDUSTRIAL CHANGES

Speaker Touches on Possibilities That  
Will Result From the Great  
Conflict.

St. Louis, Jan. 21.—"One week of the European war did more than ten years of academic discussion to convince the American people that foreign trade is a vital element in domestic prosperity. No doubt remains that the nation is determined to see its foreign commerce safeguarded and increased. Differences of opinion are late only to method. All parties and all elements for the common end."

This statement was made tonight by James A. Farrell, president of the United States Steel Corporation in an address at a banquet to delegates to the convention.

Mr. Farrell spoke of possible industrial changes that may result from the European war and said:

"Diplomacy in the future, as of the past, will be intimately concerned with commercial aggrandizement and it is of vital consequence to America's future position that advantage be taken of the present opportunity to exploit the products of American invention, to establish a firm foothold in the markets of the world, which neither political effort, tariff discrimination or low prices successfully can assail."

Under the operation of the shipping registry act over 100 vessels have been transferred to American registry. Some of the onerous restrictions of the navigation laws were suspended by executive order. It should be remembered that this modification is not a repeal of existing navigation laws, but merely a suspension. While there may be differences of opinion as to the wisdom of upbuilding the merchant marine, it appears to be generally recognized that as long as these restrictions are not legislatively repealed, the possibility of an enlarged American merchant marine, which will compete with the ships of other nations in time of peace will be matter of slow growth.

"Too little weight is given the fact that the war, which, for the time being, eliminated the European as a source of supply, likewise curtailed Europe's consumption of South American products. South American purchasing power eventually will improve with increased exports and imports, but American manufacturers and merchants, embarking for the first time in foreign trade, should be prepared to exercise patience and persistence in their efforts."

Prof. J. W. Jencks of Cornell university, in an address at the banquet, said:

"The war furnishes the American business man an opportunity and the fact that he uses this opportunity will be a benefit rather than a hindrance to the belligerents, now and in the future."

Secretary of Commerce Redfield departed from his prepared speech at the convention today to impress on his auditors the great opportunities for foreign trade that the war has brought American business men. He said:

"A manufacturer expecting to enter the South American market recently told me that as a preliminary he investigated the conditions of his competitors in Europe and found that it would take them four years to recover from the effects of the war by which time they hoped to be so enfeebled that his product could not be dislodged."

"I wish I could print the language of the dispatches that come to the department of commerce. It is a singular thing to have the foreign minister of a great nation wire his ambassador at Washington that they desire us to take the place Europe has had in their trade and yet twice have such messages recently come either through ambassadors or direct."

It became during today's discussion that an effort soon would be made to determine whether the Sherman anti-trust law prohibits combination by American manufacturers and exporters for the purpose of sending a joint sales agent to foreign countries. Conflicting opinions on the matter were attributed to former Attorney General Wickersham by John D. Ryan, president of the American Automobile company, and D. E. Skinner, president of a lumber company in Washington.

Skinner then introduced a letter written to him in 1912 by Attorney General Wickersham, which he claimed, was an opinion that "we can act in concert in export trade."

In view of this opinion Mr. Skinner urged his hearers to combine in sending sales agents abroad and declared that he was prepared to do so. At this point Mr. Ryan said, "I want only to remind you, gentlemen, that it was Mr. Wickersham who told me we could not send a joint agent to foreign countries."

The employment of joint sales agents was further advocated by William C. Downs, United States commercial attaché for Australia and by C. D. Mitchell, president of a plow company in Chattanooga.

### PLANS FOR OCTOBER GAMES.

Chicago, Jan. 21.—Details of a world's amateur baseball series between eastern champions and the best amateurs on the Pacific coast, in the stadium of the Panama-Pacific international exposition late in October, will be considered at a meeting of the National Amateur Baseball association in Cleveland, Jan. 28, according to an announcement here today.

The National association is expected to have an active membership of 1000 clubs this year.

**Peer Comfort.**

Richard Croker, at a dinner at the Democratic club of New York, said of the war:

"Everybody is telling the combatants in Europe what a regenerated world it will be after the war is over—no more armament firms, no more conscription, no more race rivalry."

"But, the way they are getting killed off, the combatants must feel about all this consolation like Tim Grady."

"Tim Grady lay in his sick bed groaning and moaning."

"Are you very bad, Tim?" asked his wife.

"No," said he. "It's the doctor I'm thinking of. What a bill it'll be, to be sure, to be sure."

"Shure, now, Tim, never you mind about that," said his wife. "There's the insurance money, ain't there?"

Exchange.

## BIG BUSINESS MEN BEFORE COMMITTEE

INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS COMMIS-  
SION HEARS TESTIMONY OF  
MILLIONAIRES.

### EFFECT OF SHERMAN LAW

George W. Perkins Declares He Be-  
lieves it Has Retarded De-  
velopments.

New York, Jan. 21.—George W. Perkins, director of many large corporations, including the United States Steel Corporation and the International Harvester company and one time partner in the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co.; Daniel Guggenheim, who was world-wide mining interests and who is president of the American Smelting and Refining company, and E. J. Berwind, millionaire coal mine owner, were the witnesses who testified today before the investigation being conducted by the federal commission on industrial relations into the great philanthropic organizations and the cause of insurmountable.

Mr. Perkins testified he believed the Sherman law had worked to retard the industrial development of the United States; that legislation bringing labor organizations under the control of the federal government was needed and that cooperation was needed, but that it should require statements concerning the details of the administration at regular intervals. He was in favor of organized labor provided honest efficient men were at the head of it.

Mr. Guggenheim advocated taxation of large fortunes, upon the death of their owners as a means of aiding the poor; the establishment of government agencies to find work for the unemployed, provision for the care of the workers, and "industrial democracy," wherein the workers receive a portion of the profits of the profits derived from the production of their labor.

In favoring these measures it mattered not to Mr. Guggenheim that they were some of the cardinal points of socialism. It should be the business of the state and not the philanthropic foundations to aid the poor, he said, because as a capitalist, he did not believe himself competent.

Witnesses called to testify tomorrow are Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor; Henry Ford, automobile manufacturer of Detroit; and C. P. Neill, former United States commissioner of labor.

**Judge Vickers Dies.**  
East St. Louis, Ill., Jan. 21.—Judge Alton K. Vickers of the supreme court of Illinois, died at his home here today after an illness of five days. Asthma and pneumonia were the cause of death. Judge Vickers was 62 years old.

Mr. Berwind testified at length regarding labor conditions in the numerous coal companies of West Virginia and Pennsylvania in which he is interested.

Mr. Berwind would not say what he thought caused industrial unrest, because as a capitalist, he did not believe himself competent.

Witnesses called to testify tomorrow are Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor; Henry Ford, automobile manufacturer of Detroit; and C. P. Neill, former United States commissioner of labor.

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## CALOMEL TODAY, SICK TOMORROW

DOSE OF NASTY CALOMEL MAKES  
YOU SICK AND YOU LOSE A  
DAY'S WORK.

Calomel salivates! It's mercury. Calomel acts like dynamite on a sluggish liver. When calomel comes into contact with your bile it causes cramping and nausea. If you feel bilious, headachy, constipated and all knocked out, just go to your drugist and get a 50 cent bottle of Hodson's Liver Tonic, which is a harmless vegetable substitute for dangerous calomel. Take a spoonful and if it doesn't start your liver and straighten you up better and quicker than nasty calomel and without making you sick you just go back and get your money.

If you take calomel today you'll be sick and nauseated tomorrow; besides it may salivate you, while if you take Hodson's Liver Tonic you will wake up feeling great, full of ambition and ready for work or play. It's harmless, pleasant and safe to give to children; they like it.

**Missionaries Safe.**

New York, Jan. 21.—The Presbyterian board of foreign missions, after receiving a cablegram reading, "Uru-miah Tabriz missionaries well," announced that it felt justified "in sending out the assurance that all the missionaries in Persia are safe."

## JURISDICTION THE QUESTION OF COURT

ATTORNEY QUOTES AUTHORITIES  
RELATIVE TO FEDERAL  
MATTER INVOLVED.

### THEATRE DECISION IS CITED

Judge Landis Fails to Pass on Claim  
and Case May Be Thrown  
Out of Court.

Chicago, Jan. 21.—The question of the federal court's jurisdiction and the renewed declaration that the National and American leagues have so modified their contracts that a player becomes a free agent the year after the expiration of his agreed term of service, were features of today's sessions of the anti-trust suit against organized baseball. Judge Landis brought up the question of jurisdiction. Attorney George W. Pepper of Philadelphia discussed it at some length and stated that the case, he declared, was a federal question involved in the federal court. He declared that the case was not to be regarded as the only federal question was that in the charge that the defendants maintained a monopoly in restraint of interstate commerce.

Sections of the Clayton law were then cited to show that the federal court had jurisdiction of the case. The decision in the Hammerstein-Metropolitan opera company case was brought in as another authority on the same subject.

The decision holding that the labor of opera singers was not a commodity of commerce was held by Pepper applicable to the labor of ball players. Judge Landis did not decide the question, and it was said tonight there was a possibility the case would be thrown out of court.

In his general argument which followed after Attorney Keene Addington had ended his presentation of the plaintiff's case and Attorney Quincy A. Meyers had talked on the jurisdiction question, Pepper declared he did not know what the federal league was asking to have enjoined.

"Their grievance is not that we prevented them from finding the young ball players on the lots and developing them through training in the various minor leagues as we do; they want to attain after the fact the advantage we have gained through ten years of labor—they want to profit from the skill developed by our money," he said.

Pepper declared there were few cases of industrial hardship worked against players by the ten-day clause, the reserve rule and the judgments of the National Commission.

"It is noteworthy that neither the ten-day clause nor the reserve rule were specified by the Ball Players' Association in their contract with the National League," he said. "We admit having made mistakes. I do not believe I would have treated an old war horse like Model, Brown, the answers of the defendants to the affidavits of the players be read carefully. The latter were brought up from the minors and the progressively larger salaries they have received."

Attorney Pepper gave a history of the game and declared that the first agreement between the American and National leagues, which preceded the national agreement, these agreements were made for the purpose of protecting the parties to them from outsiders, but against each other.

In 1913 the conditions under which game was played had reached a marked advance, said the lawyer, and the recording angel, I believe, will find a balance to the credit side of our account."

The new rule regarding the option on a ball player's services, the attorney emphasized, made for his liberty. "He is a free agent when he has served one season after the expiration of the term he signs for," he declared.

### Gardner Discusses War Experiences

Washington, Jan. 21.—Representative Gardner of Massachusetts, told the house that the Monroe doctrine appeared to the world as a flaming sword guarding against their entrance into the terrestrial paradise of South America. He discussed the country's war experiences and possible future dangers, suggesting that impoverished nations teeming with population would not respect the Monroe doctrine unless this government had power to defend it.

"Suppose Japan wakes up some fine morning and finds her people murmuring louder and louder that America must treat them as equals or they will know the reason why. I don't think the wisest of us can look very far into the future nowadays. Suppose the Japanese do demand equal treatment. What are we going to do?"

"Why not take our heads out of the sand?" asked Mr. Gardner. Despite the aeroplane being an American invention, he said the United States had only eleven in the army and twelve in the navy, "none armored, not more than two of the same type, and about half of them unable to get out of their own way."

"We are not likely to get any Zepelins," he said, "until the American people get up on their hind legs and 'holler' so that the government deaf mutes can hear."

**Missionaries Safe.**  
New York, Jan. 21.—The Presbyterian board of foreign missions, after receiving a cablegram reading, "Uru-miah Tabriz missionaries well," announced that it felt justified "in sending out the assurance that all the missionaries in Persia are safe."

## REPUBLICANS WILL FIGHT SHIP BILL

SENATE MEMBERS HOLD CON-  
FERENCE AND DETERMINE  
ON OPPOSITION.

### CONCERTED ACTION IS BEGUN

Leaders Assert They Have Canvassed  
the Situation and Find Plenty  
of Material.

### DAY IN CONGRESS.

**Senate.**  
Republicans continued considering administration ship-bill.

Work on rivers and harbors bill begun in commerce committee.

Senator Martine attempted unsuccessfully to set up his bill to prohibit employment of hired guards by corporations.

Passed urgent deficiency bill carrying \$2,000,000 to reimburse owners for cattle slaughtered in foot and mouth disease campaign.

Republicans in conference determined to fight ship purchase bill indefinitely.

Democrats again canvassed in effort to perfect the ship purchase bill.

Recessed at 6:10 p. m. to 11 a. m. Friday.

**House.**  
Debate begun on army bill.

Passed senate bill authorizing construction of bridge over Niagara river at Lewiston.

Call issued for democratic caucus February 4 for organization of house for sixty-fourth congress.

Completed general debate on army appropriation bill.

Adjourned at 7:35 p. m. to 11 a. m. Friday.

Washington, Jan. 21.—Republicans of the senate at a formal conference held late today determined to fight the government ship purchase bill with all the resources they could command and to continue the opposition indefinitely—until March 4, or in an extra session, should one be called.

Immediately following the conference called by Minority Leader Gallinger, republicans began concerted action in the senate.

At the republican caucus were a majority of the minority senators, including several of the progressive republicans among them Senators Borah, Cramton and Brewster. On the motion to adjourn, however, the first republican move against the ship bill, Senator La Follette, Clapp and Poinsett voted with the democrats.

It was the consensus of opinion among the republican senators, said Senator Gallinger, "that we should keep up the fight against this ship purchase bill. We have thoroughly canvassed the situation and find we have a vast amount of material and plenty of talent for continuing debate indefinitely. How long it will require to get our arguments against the measure before the nation it is impossible to predict."

Senator Williams asserted that Senator Townsend and republicans generally were attempting to appeal to "purely sectional feeling upon this side." The thought that such a program could be successful, he said, was founded in the "arrogant assumption of the average republican that the average democrat is a fool."

Senator Gallinger objected to the charge of arrogance as a violation of senatorial propriety. Senator Williams said he certainly was permitted to style the republican party as "arrogant" as the republicans invariably styled the democrats as fools.

He said the statement from the republican side that there was no filibuster in progress was laughable in view of what was happening.

Democratic senators tonight held their fourth caucus after the ship bill meeting and after the senate had recessed until 11 o'clock tomorrow, Senator Kern, the majority leader, Senator Fletcher, in charge of the bill, and other administration leaders were aroused by the action of the republican conference. They insisted that the ship bill would be kept before the senate regardless of consequences.

None would say, however, that vital amendments might not be agreed upon in the party caucus.

Most of the day was occupied by Senator Weeks, of Massachusetts, in a prolonged speech against the bill. The Massachusetts senator read a score of clippings from newspapers which he said had supported the administration but which now opposed the president's shipping plan. He said if he read all the adverse comments available he could not conclude his remarks before March 4.

The senator read various reports, including a lengthy one on the government owned railways of Prussia, to support his contention that government projects of every sort and in every country were incapable of operation as economically as the same projects under private ownership.

Senator Weeks said he was convinced advocates of the bill would in the end conclude to eliminate the possibility of government operation of the shipping provided for in the bill and make provision only for the purchase and construction of the ships by private government and their lease to private operators.

## FRIDAY'S BIG Embroidery Sale

IS AN EVENT LOOKED FOR WITH SPECIAL DELIGHT AND EAGERNESS BY WACO'S THRIFTY HOUSEWIVES.

In point of value giving and money saving, this showing eclipses any of our past Embroidery Sales.

**25c the Yard, . . . . . 81c**

Embroidery from 1 to 18 inches wide, consisting of Match Sets, in Swiss and Cambric, and dainty and effective patterns, suitable for Underwear, Infants' and Small Children's Dresses. Values up to 25c. Special today, the yard. . . . . 81c

**Flannours**  
Where a Dollar Does its Duty.  
Hunt Jones—Manager

## Senate Postpones Bill on Amusements

Little Rock, Jan. 21.—The state senate today indefinitely postponed a bill which would have given Arkansas cities of more than 10,000 population the right to vote on whether baseball games on Sunday afternoons should be permitted. The vote was 20 to 11. This practically kills the measure and promoters of the bill indicated that they will make no effort to revive it.

The house today passed a bill which would make fishing on Sunday a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not less than \$5 or more than \$25. However, one representative who voted for the bill later moved to reconsider which will postpone sending the measure to the senate for at least a week.

Warren S. Stone of counsel for the engineers, who are seeking higher wages, remarked: "Well, Mr. Chairman, that is a thing of which the railroads and the brotherhood differ." The witness said he was not an expert and James M. Sheen, attorney for the railroads, said that perhaps he could explain it. Eventually the explanation came from H. E. Byram, vice president of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad and a member of the board.

"A turn around run is one where a train runs from A. 50 miles to B. and back the same day," said he. Stone put in: "It is also a run of 95 miles out and back the same day if the railroads can force us to do it."

"The engineers claim that the 50 miles from A. to B. is a day's work and should be paid for at the full rate of 16 hours or one hundred miles, the engine crew being automatically released at B. The return to A. would be a separate and similar trip. The railroads contend that the men should be paid the exact mileage of the round trip."

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Judge Pritchard leaned back in his chair as if satisfied, but Stone added: "We don't want the board for a minutes to think that we don't consider 50 miles a good day's work for any engineer."

Brennerman, who is on Byram's staff in the Burlington office, underwent cross-examination by Stone.

Stone developed that in comparing eastern and western rates of pay, the fact that wage for 3 or 9 hours were compared with those for 10 hours.

**Foss Says U. S. Must Demand Her Rights**  
Chicago, Jan. 21.—"Now if ever, is the time for Uncle Sam to stand up for his rights on the high seas," declared George Edmund Foss, congressman-elect, today, addressing the Electric club. "If we do not show at once that there is a limit to our wonderful patience, who knows where the limit to trespassing on our rights will be? Old Uncle Sam must stand on his hind legs and show his teeth in the face of foreign contempt for our manhood and courage."

Supporting his contention that a larger navy was necessary, Mr. Foss said:

"The experience of England in the present war is the best argument for a big navy ever presented. She not only blockaded the ports of Germany but maintains her merchant marine and also 'holds up' the merchant marine of every other country."

**Will Sell Stock.**  
Indianapolis, Jan. 21.—Receivers' certificates are to be issued to conduct the business of the M. Rumely company and its sales concern, the Rumely products company. Finley P. Mount, who was appointed receiver in federal court here Tuesday for both concerns, today obtained a court order to sell \$100,000 worth of certificates. The money is to be used to pay employees and other expenses necessary to the conduct of the business.

**For City Secretary.**  
John C. Davis is a candidate for reelection to the office of city secretary, subject to the action of the democratic primary, Feb. 16, 1915.

**For City Tax Assessor and Collector.**  
E. M. Ainsworth is a candidate for the office of city tax assessor and collector, subject to the action of the democratic primary, Feb. 16, 1915.

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# CUT PROVES FATAL

## THE EXTRAORDINARY VALUES

which stamp this near **Bankrupt Sale** as the greatest sale ever launched in Waco appeals with peculiar force to the money-saving instinct of thinking people, and has **Demoralized Competition**.

**The Crowds Expect Much**, but they find the values even greater than advertised. Prices like ours are rapidly vacating tables and shelves. Of course the best will go first therefore if you would share in the wonderful bargains this sale has to offer, you must hurry, as the time is limited.

### Following Free Offerings For Saturday

**FREE**---At various times during the day we will throw valuable merchandise away to the crowds in front of our store.  
**FREE**---Every lady in our store at 12 o'clock noon will receive a beautiful dress pattern free.  
**FREE**---Every tenth shoe customer will have an opportunity to receive an extra pair of shoes free.  
**FREE**---Music from 10 in the morning until 4 in the afternoon.

Don't be misled by fake sales and bargain baits, but remember the name, number and the place.

210 South Side Square **L. LAZARUS** 211 Franklin Street

## STATE NEWS

### WILL CASE ARRESTS.

#### Book Dealer at Houston Is Charged With Forgery.

Houston, Jan. 21.—W. H. H. Miller, a second-hand book dealer under arrest charged with forging will to a portion of the estate of Francis A. Ogden, the aged multi-millionaire who died in this city last August, will have an examining trial Friday. The will is charged with forging names L. Her- rin, said to be a woman, as bene- ficiary. Thus four alleged wills are in existence, the last one coming to light yesterday, when a time-aged document dated in 1868, was placed in the hands of the probate court. The will, which was in which much property is left to Levi Harper of North Carolina, who is said to be dead but to have left four children. The question of probating these wills is in court and an army of lawyers are battling for more than \$2,000,000 estate, which consists largely of realty in a dozen states. Ogden, it is alleged, was never married.

#### Houston Man Arrested.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Jan. 21.—Robert B. Hunter of Houston, Tex., was arrested here last night by Postoffice Inspector Wm. Walger of Madison, Wis. Hunter, according to Inspector Walker, is charged with being implicated in alleged irregularities in connection with the large estate of F. A. Ogden, formerly of Madison.

#### Known in Houston.

Houston, Jan. 21.—Robert B. Hunter, arrested in Wisconsin, is well known here. He has given a deposition, which is on file, which upholds the holographic will under which T. S. Earl, a proffreader, is claiming the estate. The will favoring Harper is sent here by a surviving son, who is now a resident of Tampa, Florida.

#### Kellett Placed on Trial.

Houston, Jan. 21.—Taking of testimony was begun today in the trial of Jack Kellett, charged with the murder of Mrs. India Thompson last August. Kellett for many years was a peace officer and at the time of the tragedy was a democratic nominee for constable in a populous precinct. Two hours after the finding of the body of Mrs. Thompson in a dying condition from gunshot wounds in some woods adjoining a cemetery, Kellett was found wandering the streets with pistol wounds in his head and unable to talk. It was not until several hours later that the two tragedies were connected. The body of the dead woman was first identified by her own husband who, while standing near the morgue, heard of a body being there and stepped in to discover it to be that of his slain wife.

#### Putting in Walks.

Mart, Jan. 21.—The city council is busy this week having cement crosses put down. One has just been completed on North Pearl street and one on North Smyth street, while walks are in course of construction across Navarro avenue and South Pearl street.

#### Premiums for Corn.

Belton, Jan. 21.—Sam H. Cater, one of the best known progressive farmers of Bell county, has organized a reward of merit club on your hair and count and being an enthusiast on corn

## GRAYFOLKS

Gray, Faded, Strained Hair Darkened. Stops Falling Hair. Look Young!

Here's an opportunity to try the effect of a harmless preparation called Q-Ban Hair Color Restorer on your hair and scalp. Q-Ban is not sticky or messy, but it is a clean liquid. Try it. Darkens hair when all else fails. Only 50c for a big 7-oz. bottle at Powers-Kelly Drug Co. Out-of-town people supplied by mail. (ADVT.)

growing has offered premiums of \$20 in gold to members of the Bell County Boys' Corn Club who show the best results in corn planting this season. Mr. Cater is an expert corn grower himself and every year by application of his own methods and careful seed test makes larger yields of corn from his farm than any of his neighbors.

#### Sentenced to Pen.

Belton, Jan. 21.—In the district court today Claude Cook, convicted of a charge of theft over \$50, was given a sentence of two years in the penitentiary with a suspended sentence. Kenzie White, who is black in color, and Anderson Johnson, also black, were convicted of burglary and given sentences of two years each with the difference that they were given no suspended sentences.

#### Dry Goods Company Elects.

Temple, Jan. 21.—The Bentley Dry Goods company at its annual stockholders' business meeting held today, elected A. F. Bentley, president; E. F. Farr, vice president and assistant general manager; W. G. Bentley, secretary. The company has opened a new establishment at Hico which will be under the management of William G. Bentley, who has already gone to the latter place to take charge.

#### Plans for Waco Conference.

Temple, Jan. 21.—Plans for a Boys' Conference to be held at Waco in the early spring will be discussed here Sunday afternoon next at the Railway Y. M. C. A., when a meeting of the Boys' Sunday Club of this city will be held, attended by A. J. Flowers and a delegation of Waco Y. M. C. A. boys in the interest of the proposed meeting.

#### Y. M. B. L. Organized.

Mt. Pleasant, Jan. 21.—A Young Men's Business league, to act in sympathy with the Commercial club in assisting in bringing prosperity to Mt. Pleasant, has been organized. John A. Cook is president and Wm. J. Hayes is secretary. Meetings will be held on Tuesday nights. A large membership is already assured.

#### After State Normal.

Mt. Pleasant, Jan. 21.—The Commercial club of Mt. Pleasant is after the proposed new state normal school. Every effort will be made to land it, though several towns in east Texas are in the race. Mt. Pleasant citizens believe this to be the logical location for a school of this sort and offers a fine site.

#### Truck Growers to Meet.

Mt. Pleasant, Jan. 21.—The fruit and truck growers of this section will hold a meeting here Saturday, to which the merchants have been invited. The business men have promised to attend. Co-operation in meeting marketing problems is desired.

#### 10 Years for Murder.

Fort Worth, Jan. 21.—Jack Thompson, accused of the murder of John West here last August, was convicted today and given ten years.

#### Dacia Still in Port.

Galveston, Jan. 21.—Though her cargo of 11,000 bales of cotton was completed yesterday and the steamship Dacia was ready to undertake her proposed voyage to Rotterdam, she was still in port this afternoon. Agents of the Dacia said that they expected sailing orders at any moment, but that they had not yet been received.

#### No Fear of Mob.

Fort Worth, Jan. 21.—Fear of violence in connection with the killing yesterday of A. W. Montague, terminal superintendent of the Gould lines here, had disappeared today, following the inspection last night of the jail by a committee of railway men to convince them that C. A. Myers, a discharged switchman, charged with the slaying, had been taken to Dallas. This was the second time within a month that a mob has called at the jail.

#### Town Must Pay Up.

Houston, Jan. 21.—The town of Humble, which recently terminated its corporate existence, must pay its debts. Judge Head, who late yesterday named a receiver for it and instructed him to at once make a sufficient tax levy for the purpose.

#### Indictment Against Myers.

Fort Worth, Jan. 21.—After considering one hour the case of C. A. Myers,

who yesterday shot A. W. Montague to death in the Texas & Pacific yards here, the grand jury returned an indictment for murder today. The case was set for trial Monday and a special venire of 200 men ordered. This is the quickest action ever taken by a grand jury in Tarrant county.

#### Charged With Holdup.

Uvalde, Jan. 21.—Clinton Phillips and Charles Daniels, both young men of this city, were arrested yesterday charged with the holdup of the Southern Pacific passenger train near here three weeks ago, in which passengers in the rear coach were robbed. They were taken to San Antonio today. One of the passengers on the train gave Sheriff G. H. Johnson part of the evidence which led to the arrest.

#### Gold Mining at Llano.

Llano, Jan. 21.—Operation began here today of a gold mining reduction plant, with a capacity of 50 tons of ore in 24 hours. It employs 25 men. Development of this gold mining enterprise has been under way for several months.

#### Germans En Route Home.

El Paso, Jan. 21.—Thirty women and fifty-five children, families of German officers of the Chinese garrison of Tsin Tau, passed through here last night en route to their homes in Germany. They will reach San Antonio tonight. They are being taken back by the German government via New York and Italy. Their husbands and fathers are either prisoners in Japan or were killed in fighting.

#### Fire at Vernon.

Vernon, Jan. 21.—Fire broke out today in the Washington National bank and Massie building, destroying the equipment of the local Texas National Guard and the office fixtures of the bank. Several other offices were damaged.

#### Corn Growers on Record.

Waxahatchie, Jan. 21.—Texas corn growers' association today adopted a resolution favoring the consolidation of work of the A. & M. college state experiment station, the state department of agriculture, the state livestock sanitary board and similar agencies under one governing board composed of persons directly interested in agricultural problems. Petitions to the legislature for passage of a purpose in the law which would require all field seed to be correctly labeled.

#### Old Resident Dies.

Tyler, Jan. 21.—B. B. Bearid, 74, one of Tyler's oldest residents, died last night of pneumonia. He was for four years mayor of Tyler, spent several years in the Texas legislature and for ten years was county judge of Smith county. He was a confederate soldier, belonging to company D, 15th Texas infantry.

#### Will Attempt to Amend.

Dallas, Jan. 21.—The Texas Employers' Liability association announced here today that an attempt will be made to amend the employers' liability law unconstitutional yesterday. The amendment will try to meet the court's objections.

#### Wealthy Citizen Dies.

Texarkana, Jan. 21.—George Scherer, aged 68, died here this morning. He was a retired merchant and cotton buyer.

#### Grand Jury Adjourns.

Gatesville, Jan. 21.—The grand jury completed its investigations today and adjourned after eleven days' labor. There was returned twenty-two bills of indictment, eight misdemeanors and fourteen felonies. The criminal dock will be taken up next week in District court.

#### Farm Superintendent Dies.

Gatesville, Jan. 21.—B. Henry, superintendent of the county poor farm, died today. He had been in charge several years.

#### The Tune the Old Cow Di(n)ed On.

On the return trip the boys left their music in the hay in the wagon shed, and when a search was made for the missing music a day later it was learned that Old Bossy had been dining off hay and sheet music.—Linn County (Mo.) Revelle.

Since natural gas was discovered in Cleveland several months ago more than 100 successful wells have been sunk within the city limits.

**Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA**

## Letters from the People

The Tepary Bean, Newton, Tex., Jan. 20, 1915.

To the Waco Morning News: I am writing a little about the Tepary bean, as I think it may be of some benefit to the farmers of the south. I have grown this bean for two years, and it has done so well that I think that every one that can should give it a trial. I plant them in my corn, the same as I do cow peas. They will come up and make a good stand when the land is so dry that it would be out of the question to get a stand of peas.

The seed are small and white. They can be planted from May until August. They should be soaked over night before cooking, during which time they swell to double their original size and more than double their weight. In this respect they markedly surpass other beans. Boiled and baked with bacon, they are delicious, and for soups they are very fine. They are also a wonderful legume, drawing nitrogen from the air, thus helping to build up depleted soils.

I believe that Teparies can be grown most anywhere, if they are put on good, well-drained land. If any one would like a few to try and will write to me I will send him a small package by mail, which if they do well will give a good start. Chickens are wonderfully fond of Teparies and they should be planted out of their reach until you care to plant some for them. If any one should happen to write for seed, kindly send postage.

G. D. PEREGO.



### MAJESTIC.

#### The Little Runaway.

The popular series concerning "The Little Runaway" at the Majestic Family theatre is that it is the very prettiest thing that Besse Dainty has ever done here. The play is being repeated. Few people, comparatively, saw it when it was first presented by Miss Dainty as she used it for her opening bill and at that time she did not have the big following she now has.

The piece is a comedy drama written along original lines. The scenes are laid in the blue grass country of Kentucky; its characters are of the old-fashioned chivalric school; and there is an abundance of local color which constitutes one of the chief attractions of the offering. The story is written around the adventures and misadventures of a little barefooted girl who runs away from the people who have been keeping her. She comes to the home of an old southern soldier and makes such a good impression upon him that he decides to adopt her for his daughter. She is clothed and educated and develops into a very pretty and accomplished young woman. Then there enters into the story a young man of aristocratic lineage, handsome appearance, and great wealth. He falls in love with the girl and she with him; but the match is bitterly opposed by another young woman of the family who conspires with her brother to separate the pair. By underhanded and vicious means they try to bring about misunderstandings between the lovers but are unsuccessful. Love wins and all ends happily at last.

The play contains plenty of wholesome comedy and lots of exciting situations. There is not a dull moment from first to last.

"The Little Runaway" will be played until and including Saturday night, with daily matinees.

St. Elmo, Monday night, should pack the house.

### HIPPODROME.

#### "Officer 666."

A word about the above production that is booked at the Hippodrome for next Monday and Tuesday. "Officer 666" is well known by nearly every one in two continents. The play was one of the most popular ever produced and press reports of the photoplay give it rank over the successful stage production.

The large cities of this country have crowded the motion picture houses that have shown "Officer 666" and we think that Waco will not be an exception to this rule. Dallas played "Officer 666" for a week and then is playing a return of the latter part of this week because all the motion picture patrons could not get in the big playhouse to see the play. The original cast that brought the play into prominence on Broadway is making the screen version, and it is said that, owing to the fact that the screen offers

## "KEEP WACO IN THE CITY CLASS"

### PAY YOUR



### POLL TAX

MON.	TUES.	WED.	THUR.	FR.	SAT.
				22	23
25	26	27	28	29	30

Only 9 Days Left

## Young Men's Business League

(This advertisement is inserted complimentary by this paper.)

so much more latitude for scenery scenic effects and general effectiveness, while the motion picture production is by far superior to the stage presentation. "Officer 666" is arranged in five reels and from title to tail piece it bristles with action and spontaneous fun. Freedom from vulgarity and slapstick type of comedy makes "Officer 666" distinctive by comparison. Its fun is clean and high class.

### REX.

#### "A Fool There Was."

This sensational play, one of the most successful of the century, and for many years the starring vehicle of Robert Hilliard, has been converted into a supremely vivid and startling photo-play by the William Fox forces.

Edward Jose, former leading man with Sarah Bernhardt, portrays in a masterly manner the "Fool," who forsakes family and friends for a soulless, sensuous creature in the guise of a beautiful woman. Theda Bara, leading woman at the Theatre Antoine, Paris, has been cast as the "Vampire," one of the most fascinating, though revolting, female characters ever created.

Miss Bara's interpretation is remarkable for intense dramatic realism, while her wonderfully seductive beauty serves to enhance the illusion created by her art. Her gowns in this production were designed by the leading costumers of her native Paris.

Mabel Freneyer, Victor Benoit, May Allison, Clifford Bruce and Little Runa Hodges, the clever child actress, together with many other players of reputation and ability, form a supporting company such as has seldom been gathered for a single production.

"THE VAMPIRE." A fool there was and he made his prayer (Even as you and I) To a rag and a bone and a hank of hair (We called her the woman who did not care) But the fool he called her his lady fair (Even as you and I)

Oh the years we waste and the tears And the work of our head and hand, Belong to the woman who did not know (And now we know she could never know) And did not understand.

A fool there was and his goods she spent (Even as you and I) Honor and faith and a sure intent (And it wasn't the least what the lady meant) But a fool must follow his natural bent, (Even as you and I)

Oh, the toll we lost and the spoil we lost, And the excellent things we planned, Belong to the woman who didn't know why (And now we know that she never knew why) And did not understand.

The fool was stripped to his foolish hide (Even as you and I) Which she might have seen when she threw him aside— (But it isn't on record the lady tried) So some of him lived, but the most of him died. (Even as you and I)

And it isn't the shame and it isn't the loss, That stings like a white-hot brand— It's coming to know that she never knew why (Seeing at last she could never know why) And never could understand. —Rudyard Kipling.

TRY A NEWS WANT AD.

## REX THEATRE

TODAY AND TOMORROW

WM. FOX PRESENTS ROBERT HILLIARD'S GREATEST SUCCESS

### "A FOOL THERE WAS"

An Adaptation from Rudyard Kipling's Famous Poem, "The Vampire," by Porter Emerson Brown, Featuring Edward Jose and Theda Bara.



THEDA BARA

## THE VAMPIRE

Whose Wonderful Seductive Beauty Serves to Enhance the Illusion Created by Her Art— One of the Most Fascinating Though Revolting Female Characters Ever Created.

ADMISSION 10c AND 20c

COMING SUNDAY AND MONDAY—THE MOST BEAUTIFUL WOMAN IN THE WORLD—LILLIAN RUSSELL—IN "WILD FLOWER."

## MAJESTIC Family Theatre

MISS BESSE DAINTY

### "The Little Runaway"

Vaudeville between the acts. Matinees Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday. Prices 10c, 20c, 30c. Coming, Adelaide Irving and Associates players.

FEBRUARY 1st. Reserved seats on sale at Powers-Kelly Drug Store.

### COTTON

Geo. H. McFadden & Bros. Agency, W. J. NEALE, Agent, WACO, TEXAS.

Skates. \$5 skates for \$1. Call for them at D. M. Wilson Lumber Co. Johnson Bros.—(Adv.)

## HIPPODROME

TODAY—5c AND 10c

One of the Strongest Dramas Ever Presented

### For King and Country

In 6 parts and by an all-star cast. Coming Monday and Tuesday

### "Officer 666"

Coming— "Three Weeks"

LET DORSETT do your wedding; all work guaranteed. New phone 210. 610 Austin St.

## Stocks and Bonds.

New York, Jan. 21.—Stocks had their fourth consecutive advance of the week today, despite persistent profit-taking in standard shares and further professional manipulation in secondary issues. Business was slightly larger than on Tuesday when there was established a high record for volume of dealings since the opening of the exchange. Of even greater importance was the steady gain in open bond transactions, these being by far the largest of any day in the period.

Missouri Pacific's increasing activity at higher prices was again noteworthy. Another feature was the broad inquiry for various low-priced railroad issues, as well as industrials. Free absorption of high grade industrials and utilities on a rising level was also an interesting development. Activity slackened appreciably in the late trading and Missouri Pacific shares as well as the convertible 5s and 4s weakened in connection with rumors that the Gould interests would fight against loss of the property's control.

The rest of the list eased off fractionally but made vigorous recovery just before the close on heavy buying of Union Pacific, Pennsylvania, the Harrimans and anthracite, all of which then registered best prices of the day.

Monetary conditions were virtually unchanged so far as open rates were concerned, but many loans were made under prevailing quotations, eight months loans being offered at 2 1/2 per cent.

London's business in Americans was the largest since the reopening of that market, bank clearings at that center showing marked improvement. The general advance in general advanced proportionately with stocks, Missouri Pacific issues being the only exceptions. Total sales, par value, \$1,040,000.

United States 2s declined 1/4 per cent but other government issues were higher. Sales, High, Low, Close.

	High	Low	Close
Am. Copper	10.300	57 1/2	57 1/2
Am. Agricultural	100	52 1/2	52 1/2
Am. Can.	6.200	21 1/4	21 1/4
Am. Car & Found.	100	47 1/4	47 1/4
Am. Cotton Oil	500	47 1/4	47 1/4
Am. Smelting	2.800	42 1/4	42 1/4
Am. Sugar	2.000	107 1/4	107 1/4
Am. Tel. & Tel.	2.000	121 1/4	121 1/4
Am. Tobacco	2.000	23 1/4	23 1/4
Atchafalpa	2.000	95 1/4	95 1/4
Atlantic Coast L.	500	105 1/4	105 1/4
Balti. & Ohio	5.800	74 1/4	74 1/4
Canadian Pacific	3.200	104 1/4	104 1/4
Central Leather	5.800	35 1/4	35 1/4
Ches. & Ohio	4.500	45 1/4	45 1/4
C. M. & S. P.	2.200	92 1/4	92 1/4
Gen. Electric	25.900	23 1/4	23 1/4
Ill. Central	3.000	116 1/4	116 1/4
Inter-Met. pref.	5.000	52 1/4	52 1/4
K. C. Southern	2.000	25 1/4	25 1/4
Lehigh Valley	1.900	127 1/4	127 1/4
Louis & Nash	300	120	120
Liggett & Myers	500	76 1/4	76 1/4
Lorillard	4.000	11 1/4	11 1/4
Mo. Pac.	4.600	15 1/4	15 1/4
Mex. Petroleum	3.500	61 1/4	61 1/4
N. Y. Central	6.000	90 1/4	90 1/4
N. Y. N. H. & H.	1.900	127 1/4	127 1/4
Norfolk & West.	1.100	102 1/4	102 1/4
Northern Pacific	5.000	103 1/4	103 1/4
Pennsylvania	3.000	108 1/4	108 1/4
Reading	31.600	15 1/4	15 1/4
Rep. Iron & Steel	600	21 1/4	21 1/4
Rock Island	400	77 1/4	77 1/4
S. & S. P.	600	3 1/4	3 1/4
Seaboard Air L.	600	15 1/4	15 1/4
St. P.	1.100	40 1/4	40 1/4
St. P. & N. W.	1.100	40 1/4	40 1/4
Southern Railway	2.200	17 1/4	17 1/4
Tenn. Copper	1.300	31 1/4	31 1/4
Tex. & Pac.	200	124 1/4	124 1/4
Union Pacific	16.500	122 1/4	122 1/4
U. S. Steel	12.000	53 1/4	53 1/4
U. S. Steel	10.300	54 1/4	54 1/4
Utah Copper	200	22 1/4	22 1/4
Western Union	1.800	63 1/4	63 1/4
Beth. Steel	500	68 1/4	68 1/4

Total sales for the day, \$30,800 shares.

## Bonds.

	High	Low	Close
U. S. 2s registered	98 1/4	98 1/4	98 1/4
U. S. 2s coupon	98 1/4	98 1/4	98 1/4
U. S. 3s registered	101 1/4	101 1/4	101 1/4
U. S. 3s coupon	101 1/4	101 1/4	101 1/4
U. S. 4s registered	109 1/4	109 1/4	109 1/4
U. S. 4s coupon	110 1/4	110 1/4	110 1/4
Panama 3s coupon	101 1/4	101 1/4	101 1/4
American Agricultural	98 1/4	98 1/4	98 1/4
American Cotton Oil	94 1/4	94 1/4	94 1/4
American Tel. & Tel.	99 1/4	99 1/4	99 1/4
American Tobacco	121 1/4	121 1/4	121 1/4
Atchafalpa	92 1/4	92 1/4	92 1/4
Atlantic Coast L.	104 1/4	104 1/4	104 1/4
Balti. & Ohio	74 1/4	74 1/4	74 1/4
Central of Georgia	102 1/4	102 1/4	102 1/4
Ches. & Ohio	45 1/4	45 1/4	45 1/4
Ches. & Ohio	45 1/4	45 1/4	45 1/4
Chicago, Mil. & S. P.	92 1/4	92 1/4	92 1/4
Chicago, R. I. & P. R.	48 1/4	48 1/4	48 1/4
Erie general	87 1/4	87 1/4	87 1/4
Illinois Central	116 1/4	116 1/4	116 1/4
Louisville & Nashville	93 1/4	93 1/4	93 1/4
Liggett & Myers	76 1/4	76 1/4	76 1/4
Lorillard	11 1/4	11 1/4	11 1/4
Mo. Kansas & Texas	78 1/4	78 1/4	78 1/4
New York Central	98 1/4	98 1/4	98 1/4
N. Y. N. H. & Hartford	105 1/4	105 1/4	105 1/4
Norfolk & Western	103 1/4	103 1/4	103 1/4
Northern Pacific	103 1/4	103 1/4	103 1/4
Pennsylvania	108 1/4	108 1/4	108 1/4
Reading	15 1/4	15 1/4	15 1/4
Seaboard Air Line	15 1/4	15 1/4	15 1/4
Southern Bell Telephone	97 1/4	97 1/4	97 1/4
Southern Railway	17 1/4	17 1/4	17 1/4
Southern Railway	17 1/4	17 1/4	17 1/4
Texas & Pacific	124 1/4	124 1/4	124 1/4
Union Pacific	122 1/4	122 1/4	122 1/4
U. S. Steel	53 1/4	53 1/4	53 1/4
Virginia Carolina Chemical	92 1/4	92 1/4	92 1/4

## Cotton.

New York, Jan. 21.—Early reactions were followed by a sharp advance in cotton today and prices made new high ground for the movement. The close was steady at a net gain of from 4 to 8 points.

Reactionary sentiment appeared to be more or less general around the ring during the early trading. Liverpool was lower than due, with private cables attributing the decline to heavy American selling. It seemed also that there were more southern selling orders in the local market, which was taken to mean that the advance in prices had brought out freer offerings of spot cotton.

After opening 4 to 6 points lower, the market rallied to within a point or two of last night's closing figures on a continuation of yesterday's late buying movement, but soon eased off again under realizing selling for a reaction, and the talk of an easier turn in the spot situation. This decline carried prices about 7 to 9 points net lower late in the morning, but offerings tapered off below 9.55 for May contracts, making it appear that there had been no general weakening of southern holders and the market became active and firm during the afternoon.

Some of the larger spot interests were heavy buyers on the advance. May contracts sold up 10 to 15 points above the level of the morning, and the general list sold about 7 to 10 points net higher.

The close was a shade off from the morning's closing. The firm showing of the southern spot markets as officially reported, and the more bullish interior investment helped the late advance.

## New Orleans.

New Orleans, Jan. 21.—The strength of the southern spot markets was the main sustaining influence in cotton today, and it brought about a small advance, following lower prices in the first half of the session. In the morning prices at the lowest were 9 to 11 points under yesterday's final figures. In the afternoon they at their highest were 5 to 8 points over. The close was at a gain of 4 to 6 points.

Poor cables increased the talk of a reaction, especially after the receipt of letters and telegrams from the cotton ring. The lower level of the morning was having the effect of doing away with agitation looking toward a reduction in acreage this spring.

Telegrams from the interior, however, gave information that spots were selling there at higher prices than at any of the important spot centers.

Late in the session there was a decided increase in buying orders, part of which was said to come from large spot firms, and the market firmed up rapidly.

## Futures.

	Open	High	Low	Close
January	8.47	8.56	8.45	8.52-59
March	8.71	8.88	8.70	8.85-86
May	9.02	9.10	8.91	9.06-07
July	9.12	9.28	9.11	9.25-26
October	9.32	9.52	9.30	9.46-47
December	9.58	9.63	9.47	9.60-61

## Tone—Steady.

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## New York Money.

New York, Jan. 21.—Mercantile paper 3 1/4 per cent sterling exchange steady; with 60-day bills at 4 1/2 per cent, cables at 4 1/4, demand at 4 1/4.

Bar silver 48 1/4; Mexican dollars 37 1/4; Government bonds irregular; railroad bonds strong.

Time loans easy, with 60-day loans at 2 1/2 to 2 3/4, 90-day at 2 3/4 to 3 and six-months at 3 1/4 to 3 1/2 per cent.

Call money was steady; high 2, low 1 1/2, ruling rate 2, last loans 2, closing bid 1 1/2, offered at 2.

## Livestock.

Fort Worth, Jan. 21.—Cattle receipts 3,000 including 1,000 calves; market was steady; beefs \$6.25 to \$7.00, stockers \$5.50 to \$7.00, heifers \$5 to \$7.75, cows \$4.25 to \$6.00, bulls \$4.25 to \$5.

## Serve a Hot Muffin Supper

Light, flaky muffins, even hot and golden topped, a supper-time goodie that certainly will strike that hungry spot. Serve them with the finest, richest syrup you can buy anywhere. That's

# Velva

with the best of flavor, nourishing goodness and the satisfying elements that put real strength into growing children. Give them Velva three times a day. They'll say "Great" when they eat it on your flaky hot biscuits or on waffles or batter cakes. Use plenty of Velva and you'll keep the cost of the table down. Get Velva at your grocer's. Ten cents up. Save the coupons on the labels and send for premium catalog to

PENICK & FORD, Ltd.  
New Orleans, La.

## MINIMUM WAGE WILL WORK AN INJUSTICE 3 ORGANIZATIONS GIVE A FAREWELL

WACO RETAIL MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION ASKS REPEAL OF STATE LAW.

RESOLUTIONS ARE PREPARED MORE THAN 200 PRESENT

Statement issued by Organization Claims Standard Scale Eliminates Competition.

Declaring that the minimum wage law will be an injustice to working women of Texas, and calling for repeal and defeat of various labor laws, the Waco Retail Merchants' Association has prepared resolutions. These will be presented to the legislature. A statement covering the action of the association issued by its secretary yesterday follows:

"At a meeting of the Retail Merchants' Association of Waco, attended by merchants and representatives of factories, laundries, groceries and all lines of business, for the consideration of legislation now pending in the Texas state legislature, with reference to the fifty-four hour law, providing for a new law, creating a minimum wage for women, and all other similar laws which will affect the various lines of business employing labor in the state of Texas, increasing the high cost of living, and tending to eliminate competition with factories established out of the state and in the east, it was unanimously resolved:

"That it is the sense of this meeting that a minimum wage law will be an injustice to working women as well as an injustice to the business institutions employing women, in that it will force a great many girls out of employment, who are already employed in this state, and will prevent the employment of deserving girls and women who may in the future seek employment. That a minimum wage law for women is not justified by the conditions in Texas at this time and that such a law will work a hardship on both employer and employee and be harmful to the commercial development of the state of Texas. That such a law will keep manufacturing industries from locating in the state of Texas, as well as forcing many such plants to close shop on account of the cost of doing business. That the proposed law will place the state in a competitive basis with similar factories located in states where such drastic laws do not obtain.

"Be it further resolved, that the present fifty-four hour law, chapter 3, article 17, B. S., be repealed and the repeal of the proposed one recently introduced. Also the defeat of the proposed new compensation law and all other legislation relating to employment of labor in this state, or any other bill which tends to increase the cost of living, or place institutions in Texas on an unequal basis with competition out of the state."

"The largest single sale of cotton recorded in Waco during the season was chalked up yesterday when James E. Horne dumped 284 bales on the market. He received a flat price of 8 cents per pound for the entire amount. He has held the staple in storage for some weeks.

Cotton receipts here yesterday totaled 272 bales. The price ranged from 6 to 8 1/4 cents with basis middling selling at 7 to 7 7/8 cents.

## Boys Can Do Waco a Great Service

Boys can do Waco a great service by informing themselves as to the city's resources and telling of these resources to strangers. The city, declared E. F. Drake, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, in an address to the Working Boys' Club last night. He also urged the boys to be courteous to strangers, visitors and newcomers, and to be assistants to those that may lie within their power.

Some of the points on which Mr. Drake informed the boys and which he suggested that they be prepared to inform others included the fact that Waco has ten public parks, the largest of which contains 125 acres, and all of which are valued at over \$200,000; 27 paved streets and 30 gravelled streets; 15 public schools; artesian water at a temperature of 109 degrees; the largest power plant in the state; the largest sash and door factory in the south, and will soon have river navigation.

The boys took a keen interest in his address and promised to be better city boosters in the future.

Miss Nell Whitman gave the first installment of the story of "The Choice of Hercules," and Mrs. Genevieve Hammond played some music.

A new feature of last night's program included a negro minstrel stunt by Raymond Arendale and Joe Earhart, which was worked up in a very few minutes with practically no rehearsal, but which was sufficient to amuse the audience considerably and to indicate considerable talent on the part of the boys. The dialogue was original, the dancing of Earhart very clever and the singing of both boys very fair. It is the aim of some of the boys put on a special stunt every Thursday night.

Johnson-Warden Wedding. B. F. Johnson and Mrs. Mary Warden were married at the home of Rev. W. W. Melton last night. Rev. Melton performed the ceremony.

Blank Books Properly Selected and Exactly Suited for Each Particular Business. . .

SAVE TIME AND USELESS LABOR  
Our Complete Assortment of "National" Blank Books Comprises All Rulings, Sizes and Grades.  
Phone or Write for Our Exceptionally Low Prices  
HILL PRINTING & STATIONERY CO.  
604 Austin Street

Ten Thousands Horses  
Wanted Out of Texas

Ten thousand horses will be shipped out of Texas for European countries for immediate service in the war, according to George L. Miller, buyer for a number of these countries and who is in Waco. Miller is accompanied by two officers of the Greek army, who are inspectors and who pass upon the animals purchased for the Grecian army. The party of three reached Waco yesterday from San Antonio. They are at the Riggins.

Miller is a brother of Zack Miller, a part owner of the famous 101 ranch in Oklahoma. He and his brother are at present engaged, almost entirely, in the purchase of horses for European countries. Zack Miller is in New York, where he closes contracts for the animals with Europe's warring nations, and George finds the animals. He expects to buy 500 to 550 horses and surrounding country. Pippin and McLain will represent him here.

The Grecian officers are Colonel Karamitakis and Captain Zouzoulas. The animals they pick must be of high class and suitable to conditions on peninsula. The officers stated last night, through an interpreter, that while conditions are practically quiet entirely, in the purchase of horses, things will remain as they are.

"You may say," said Colonel Karamitakis, "that the horses which we are purchasing in Texas will carry a part of the Greek army into Constantinople."

The officers will be out of the city tomorrow purchasing horses, but will remain in this territory for several days. They ship to Galveston, where the horses are sent by steamer to Piraeus, Greece. Both men were educated in Athens, where they also received their military training.

MR. AND MRS. CHARLES L. SANGER GUESTS AT PROGRESS CLUB.

MORE THAN 200 PRESENT

Dr. Warsaw Presents Silver Water Pitcher and Tray Preceding Dancing.

As a farewell to Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Sanger and family, who are to move to Dallas in a few days, members of the Progress club, Eureka Lodge I. O. E. B., and congregation Rodef Shalom held a reception at the Progress club, Mr. Sanger and family were guests of honor.

At the close of the short program which preceded the dancing, Dr. I. Warsaw presented to the family a sterling silver water pitcher and tray, the gifts of the three organizations.

More than 200 persons were present. Short remarks were made by J. L. Mikel, C. K. Weil and Dr. Warsaw. After the gift was presented, Mr. Sanger responded feelingly to the words of the three speakers and to the expressions of the sorrow of the community in losing Mr. Sanger and his family from its midst. Refreshments were served, and the dancing lasted until past midnight.

Wilford Naman was master of ceremonies. The committee on arrangements were: Joe Haber, chairman; J. L. Davidson, I. Friedlander and W. Naman.

In presenting the water pitcher and tray to Mr. Sanger, Dr. Warsaw said: "To be spokesman is indeed a great privilege when a sense of justice is the incentive, and it becomes a pleasure when an object is loved by the majority. On this occasion both motives are present. It is but just that we publicly honor him who so truly deserves to be honored, and we do this with a ready cheerfulness because our guest of honor has won for himself a cozy corner in the affections of our heart."

"There is a Hebrew legend about the creation of man which is exquisite in its setting and profound in the view of life it reflects. It tells that when God was about to create human kind, he called into council the three foremost in rank of the heavenly hosts. 'Advise me,' said the divine Creator, 'what quality man should be.' 'Make him a lofty spirit, without flaw or blemish,' counseled the first. 'Nay,' God objected. 'That would be an angel, and angels are not made of flesh and blood, since he is to live on the little planet called earth and play his small part within a short span of time.' 'That would be an animal,' said the second host. 'Nay,' said the divine Creator. 'We already have all sorts of animals.' Then spoke up the third and said, 'Seeing that mankind is to be the final work of Creation, would you suggest a loyal son of the Creator? His own spirit and thus in him heaven and earth will be blended.' 'Your counsel pleaseth me,' said the universal Master, 'that will be a real man.'"

"Dear friend, in honoring you, we honor a true man. In your departure the community loses a citizen of sterling worth, congregation Rodef Shalom a member not easily replaced, Eureka Lodge a loyal son of the Covenant, and the Progress club one of its mainstays, and whose membership means an element of culture and refinement."

"One of the sweetest blessings of life is friendship, and you, Mr. C. L. Sanger, because, like a real man, you have known how to bless many with your friendship. There are many, who in fullness of heart, desire to let you know that the benedictions of a large circle of friends are fervently invoked upon you and yours; that though we part, it is only a parting in space and not in spirit; that distance cannot remove nor time change the friendship which binds us in many and sincere devotion."

"The lines engraved on this humble token of our good-will are but a faint copy of the words carved deeply and lastingly in the heart of us all."

"Your departure we deeply regret. 'Your friendship we shall never forget. 'We beg that you accept this gift, and may it ever lovingly remind you of us, as we shall ever affectionately remember you.'"

PERSONAL MENTION.

Lee Shannon of San Antonio was here yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Manchester are spending a few days on their farm near De Leon.

V. E. Labbe, headquarters Dallas, traveling passenger agent of the Illinois Central, was here yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Weeks of Brundell, Ill., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Weeks, South Fifth street.

Mrs. M. H. Lehr returned home to Silver City, N. M., yesterday after a visit here. She formerly lived in Waco.

L. S. Gardner, auditor and commercial superintendent of the Texas Telephone company, is in Beaumont and will later go to Port Arthur on business.

Dr. and Mrs. C. W. Stevenson of Terrell are visiting Mrs. G. W. Graves, 1108 North Eighteenth street, for a few days before leaving for Houston, their future home.

Church Dinner Tonight. An annual dinner at which the men of the First Presbyterian church will be the guests of the women will be given tonight. It will be served in the church parlors.

AFTER PASSING YEARS

Waco Testimony Remains Unshaken.

Time is the best test of truth. Here is a Waco story that has stood the test of time. It is a story with a point which will come straight home to many of us.

J. P. Bahl, prop. barber shop, Waco, says: "Kidney complaint caused me much suffering. I felt languid and had headaches and dizzy spells. I could get no rest at night. One box of Doan's Kidney Pills quickly removed the trouble. Nothing has occurred to change my high opinion of Doan's Kidney Pills since I publicly recommended them some years ago."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't get a fake for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Bahl had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

## Women's Separate Skirts Special at \$1.50

Odds and ends to be sacrificed, not over 50 in the lot. Women's Skirts in Black, Navy, Sergees, Manish Mixtures and a few Plaids; all excellent values; if you can find your size they are worth three times the price. As long as they last, choice at \$1.50

## Petticoat Special at \$1.69

We place on sale today about 100 Jersey Top and Messaline Petticoats; these are splendid values, but no great assortment of colors, mostly dark shades, none in the lot worth less than \$2.75, some worth up to \$6.50. On sale at \$1.69

## New Middy Blouses

Twenty-five dozen Women's and Misses' Middy Blouses go on sale today, in several new styles. The materials used are of the best quality Galatea, with fast color trimmings; regular \$1.25 and \$1.00 Middies. On sale at \$1.00

## Princess Slips at 98c

Sample line Princess Slips, about fifteen dozen in all, shown in Sheer Nainsook, in a large variety of styles, neatly trimmed with Laces and Embroideries, most all sizes in the lot; values range from \$1.50 to \$2.50. While they last, choice at 98c

## Women's Knit Underwear Special for Today and Saturday

Women's and Children's Union Suits, Women's Pants and Vests in Merino, All Wool and Stuttgarter. These are all store mussed and broken sizes. Stuttgarter Merode, Carter's and Globe brands. Regular prices range from \$1.00 to \$1.75. Special 69c

WOMEN'S UNION SUITS AT HALF PRICE—In All Wool and Silk and Wool, high neck, long sleeves, also a few Silk Union Suits, Carter's and Stuttgarter's brands, sizes 34 to 33. Regular prices \$3.50 to \$8.00. Special, HALF PRICE.

A very small assortment of Women's Merode Pants and Vests, light and medium weight cotton, broken sizes and styles; also a few Children's Sleeping Garments in small sizes only. Regular price 50c a garment. Special 19c

THE INTERURBAN AND ALL WACO STREET CARS COME HERE DIRECT.

# Sanger Brothers

OUR POLICY "THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED"

## Society St. Vincent de Paul Has Meeting

Joe O'Neil was appointed secretary and Pat F. Hopkins treasurer of the Society St. Vincent de Paul, at a meeting of the society held at the Knights of Columbus hall last night.

With the appointment of the two officers last night the organization of the society now is complete. The matter of organizing a local branch of the society had been considered by members of the Church of the Assumption for several months. Two weeks ago a meeting was held and a temporary organization formed. At a second meeting the society went into permanent organization, electing H. B. Mistrot, president; J. N. McKay, first vice president; E. L. Fulkerson, second vice president, and J. B. Hopkins, third vice president. The two offices which were filled last night remained to be filled by appointment by the president. Rev. E. A. Kelly is spiritual advisor of the society.

The organization is for the relief of conditions resulting from poverty. It is one of the strongest charitable organizations in the country, and its method of giving relief is to do so often without the recipient knowing whence the relief came. It numbers many Protestants among its associate members, in other cities.

CITY NEWS BRIEFS.

Work will commence today on the new city artesian well to be sunk at Jefferson street and Riverside drive. W. B. Munsey is in charge of the work for Hamill brothers, who have the contract.

After conducting examinations for thirty-eight men, the state board of pharmacists adjourned yesterday morning at 11 o'clock. The board was in session three days, the examinations being held at the Y. M. B. L. rooms.

The St. Ann's Altar society of the Church of the Assumption will have charge of the housewarming of the new parochial home at Ninth and Columbus streets beginning this afternoon from 3 to 5 o'clock and from 7 to 9.

Deputy Sheriff J. M. Morgan, who was injured when knocked from his horse by an auto at Ninth and Austin streets Wednesday, and injured while resting, will be about to serve a subpoena when struck by the car.

The suit of the State of Texas vs. J. F. McCowan for \$1000 penalty on liquor dealer's license, was dismissed in the Nineteenth district court yesterday on motion of County Attorney John B. McNamara. McCowan had been charged with selling liquor to a minor. He conducted a saloon at Harrison, and the offense is said to have been committed in October, 1913.

Andy Buren, charged with theft, was held to await the action of the grand jury in the sum of \$500, when given an examining trial in Justice Lester's court.

Policeman in New Role. Policeman Tom Abbott has been called upon recently to play several roles not usually considered part of a cop's duties, but he was forced last night to sit on a case as judge and jury that stumped even his versatility.

A call came from a Greek restaurant that a man was making trouble. Abbott went on the scene and found a man in an altercation with a waiter. The man declared that he had given the waiter a quart bottle of whiskey to have opened. When the bottle was handed back it contained a quart of water. He declared the whiskey had been stolen by the waiter.

Abbott heard all the testimony, which was meager, to say the least, and he pronounced the waiter guilty of the crime, but he was better off with a bottle of booze. The man went away satisfied.

J. I. SCOTT

Respectfully solicits your vote for City Commissioner, Place No. 3—Police and Fire Commissioner—Adv.

## BREAKS A COLD IN A FEW HOURS WITHOUT QUININE

FIRST DOSE OF PAPE'S COLD COMPOUND RELIEVES ALL GRIPPE MISERY.

Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and snuffling! A dose of Pape's Cold Compound taken every two hours until three doses are taken will end gripe misery and break up a severe cold, either in the head, chest, body or limbs.

It promptly opens clogged-up nostrils and air passages; stops nasty discharge or nose running; relieves sick headache, dizziness, feverishness, sore throat, sneezing, soreness and stiffness.

Pape's Cold Compound is the quickest, surest relief known and costs only 25c at drug stores. It acts without assistance, tastes nice, and causes no inconvenience. Don't accept a substitute.

IN THE LOCAL COURTS.

NINETEENTH DISTRICT COURT.

Tom L. McCullough, Judge. R. W. McCain, Clerk. In session at Falls county.

FIFTY-FOURTH DISTRICT COURT.

Richard I. Munroe, Judge. R. V. McCain, Clerk. Judgment in favor of plaintiff for \$1000 in suit of James D. Marrs vs. H. J. Parks, for commission on real estate deal.

Suit of State of Texas vs. J. F. McCowan, to collect penalties on a liquor dealer's license, dismissed at motion of county attorney.

Suit of Charles T. Brien, Jr., vs. The Edwards Co., et al, suit for damages and injuries; on trial.

COUNTY COURT.

George N. Denton, Judge. J. W. Baker, Clerk. Suit of Crate Dalton vs. Southern Traction Co., damages \$750; on trial.

Marriage Licenses. John L. Snider and Miss Katie Grantlorn. L. E. Upmose and Miss Mary Alsosvke. William Henry Spiver and Mattie Sheppard.

Automobile Licenses. A. Haynes, Waco, 4-cylinder, 20 horsepower Hupmobile.

Man Draws Gun. While attempting to remove a wheelbarrow at the filter plant yesterday morning at 3 o'clock, James Blackwell saw a suspicious character lurking about the place. He threw a stone at the man and started to drive him from the place when the man drew a pistol. He did not say anything but Blackwell declared the gun spoke for him. Blackwell retired to the plant and telephoned for the police. The man had gone when the officers arrived.

Employees of the plant report that a suspicious character has been about the place several times in the past week or so.

Telephone Meeting. C. A. Shock, of Sherman, president of the Texas Independent Telephone Association, has issued a call for a meeting of the directors of the association to be held at Dallas next Saturday. J. B. Earle of Waco is vice president of the association and E. C. Blomeyer of the Texas Telephone company is secretary.

It is thought all the directors will attend the meeting as several matters of importance relating to the telephone business in Texas will be taken up.

To Beautify Campus. Dallas, Jan. 21.—Plans for beautifying the campus of the Southern Methodist university north of this city will begin at once, according to announcement made today. Efforts to raise the \$1,000,000 for the university will begin soon. The first session will begin September 15, 1915.

## Music Lovers Give Auditorium Reception

Euterpeans and other music lovers of the city gave Miss Helen Stanley, soprano, and Miss Frances Ingram, contralto, a very cordial reception at the Auditorium last night in a recital under the auspices of the Euterpean club, this forming the second of a series of three star attractions that were booked for this season.

The artists gave a varied program of classical and popular selections. Miss Ingram singing the heavier and more dramatic, and Miss Stanley taking the less difficult but more popular numbers. But the entire program was well received, reaching its natural climax in the last number, "The Flower Duet," from Madame Butterfly, on which the women were recalled for a final encore. Responses were also demanded following all of the other numbers.

Mrs. Harriet Bacon MacDonald appeared as pianist. The attendance was above the average for musical productions, several box parties being in evidence.

1500 COMING.

Texas Hardware and Implement Convention Promises Large Attendance.

Fifteen hundred delegates are expected to attend the state convention of the Texas Hardware and Implement association to be held in Waco January 26, 27 and 28.

This is the estimate placed by Henry Martin, state secretary, who together with decorators and architects arrived yesterday. They come to prepare the largest coliseum in Waco for the convention.

Martin, who is publisher of a hardware journal at Dallas, also secretary of the state association, and his assistants, constitute the advance guard of hardware and implement men who are expected to make Waco the mecca during Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of next week.

Plans are almost complete for the decoration of the machinery hall at the Cotton Palace grounds, where the exhibits and show rooms of dealers from all parts of Texas are to be situated.

Martin will remain in Waco until after the convention. He has been consulting with Ralph McLendon and John N. Moylan, local members of the entertainment committee. This committee has outlined a program which promises a "good time" to all visitors.

## SPITTING NUISANCE

On Public Sidewalks Caused Mostly by Catarrh of the Larynx.

The person who spits on a public sidewalk may not be a "hog," utterly unkind of the rights of others as many seem to think. He may be a catarrh sufferer who simply can't help himself.

Hawking, spitting, nose blowing, choking and foul breath are the accompaniments of catarrh and stomach distress, ointments to snuff up your nose and the whole remaining host of practically worthless makeshifts in which so many catarrh victims seek temporary relief will never cure catarrh to stay cured—no, not in a thousand years.

Catarrh is caused by a germ and these germs thrive far up in the passages of your nose, throat and lungs where no medicines or ointments can ever reach them. Before you can get rid of Catarrh you must get rid of the germ which causes it. Medical men are now practically agreed that the best way to kill catarrh germs and drive them from the system is to breathe up into the nose, throat and chest a little hard rubber inhaler which will get blessed relief, soothing but powerful medicated germicidal air called Hyomei, which is formed by combining the pure healing oil of Eucalyptus with powerful germicidal and healing agents that utterly destroy every catarrh germ they reach. You breathe Hyomei far up into your nose and throat through a little hard rubber inhaler which all leading druggists furnish free with the complete outfit. This penetrating air not only kills the germs but it soothes and heals the sore, swollen, inflamed membranes, stops the discharge, spitting, hawking, etc., clears up the head and air passages and makes breathing easy, again. Breathe it five minutes and you'll get blessed relief. Breathe it a few minutes daily for just a few weeks and every trace and symptom of catarrh will vanish. This isn't mere statement, it's proved fact and Powers-Kelly Drug Co. and most every leading druggist in this vicinity backs it up by absolutely guaranteeing to refund your money if you do not get from the relief you're seeking. Hyomei is pleasant and easy to use. You'll like it. And it certainly does put a stop to catarrh as nothing else will or can.

# FREE!

## Help Wanted and Positions Wanted

For an indefinite period The News will publish ads under the above classifications free of charge. Orders will be taken at the office or over the phones.

THE NEWS WANT AD PHONES ARE 1132